

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Performance

STAAR: A comprehensive testing program for public school students in grades 3–8 or high school courses with end-of-course (EOC) assessments. The STAAR program is designed to measure to what extent a student has learned, understood, and is able to apply the concepts and skills expected at each grade level or after completing each course for which an EOC assessment exists. Each STAAR assessment is linked directly to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS). The TEKS are the state-mandated content standards that describe what a student should know and be able to do upon completion of a course. For more information on the TEKS, see the *Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills* website at <http://tea.texas.gov/curriculum/teks/>.

Other Important Information:

STAAR (with and without accommodations) and STAAR Alternate 2. The Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) and the Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) include performance on STAAR and STAAR Alternate 2.

Spanish STAAR. All STAAR assessments in grades 3, 4, and 5 are available in both English and Spanish. The TAPR and the TPRS include performance on the Spanish STAAR.

Rounding of STAAR results. STAAR performance shown on the TAPR and TPRS is rounded to whole numbers. For example, 49.877% is rounded to 50%; 49.4999% is rounded to 49%; and 59.5% is rounded to 60%.

Masking. STAAR performance rates are masked when necessary to comply with FERPA. For more information, see the Explanation of Masking at <https://rptsvr1.tea.texas.gov/perfreport/tapr/2023/masking.html>.

STAAR Performance (2022–23)

The STAAR Performance section displays performance results by grade, subject and performance level for students in the accountability subset, which are students enrolled in the same district/campus on both the snapshot date (PEIMS October snapshot) and the testing date. The STAAR Performance–All Students section of the TPRS displays STAAR performance by grade, subject, and performance level and includes all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

STAAR:

- Grade 3 – Reading Language Arts (RLA) and Mathematics
- Grade 4 – Reading Language Arts (RLA), and Mathematics
- Grade 5 – Reading Language Arts (RLA), Mathematics, and Science
- Grade 6 – Reading Language Arts (RLA) and Mathematics
- Grade 7 – Reading Language Arts (RLA) and Mathematics
- Grade 8 – Reading Language Arts (RLA), Mathematics, Science, and Social Studies

End-of-Course (EOC):

- English I
- English II

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Algebra I

Biology

U.S. History

Accelerated Testers:

SAT/ACT

Percentage at Approaches Grade Level or Above. The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the Approaches Grade Level standard.

Percentage at Meets Grade Level or Above. The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

Percentage at Masters Grade Level. The percentage of assessments that met the Masters Grade Level standard.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Both Reading Language Arts (RLA) and Mathematics. The percentage of students who took both the RLA and mathematics STAAR and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard on both assessments (excluding EOC assessments).

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Both Reading Language Arts (RLA) and Mathematics Including EOC. The percentage of students who took both the RLA and mathematics STAAR or EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard on both assessments.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Reading Language Arts (RLA) Including EOC. The percentage of students who took the RLASTAAR or the English I or II EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

STAAR Performance Rate by Enrolled Grade at Meets Grade Level or Above on Mathematics Including EOC. The percentage of students who took the mathematics STAAR or the Algebra I EOC and met or exceeded the Meets Grade Level standard.

Progress (Annual Growth, Accelerated Learning and STAAR Progress Measure)

School Progress Domain— Annual Growth is the percentage of students that grew academically by at least one school year. For STAAR assessments (with or without accommodations), annual growth is measured by a transition table. Individual student growth is calculated as the change between Low Did Not Meet Grade Level, High Did Not Meet Grade Level, Low Approaches Grade Level, High Approaches Grade Level, Meets Grade Level, and Masters Grade Level performance from the prior year to the current year.

School Progress Domain—Accelerated Learning is the percentage of students who earned Did Not Meet Grade Level in the prior year and were accelerated to Approaches Grade Level or above in the current year.

STAAR Progress Measure Percent at Expected or Accelerated Growth.* The percentage of assessments that met or exceeded the STAAR progress measure expectations. See [STAAR Progress Measure for 2023](#) for more information.

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STAAR Progress Measure Percent at Accelerated Growth. The percentage of assessments that exceeded the STAAR progress measure expectations. See [STAAR Progress Measure for 2023](#) for more information.

Percent of Students Maintaining or Improving Compared to Prior Year Performance Level. The percentage of students that maintained or improved their STAAR performance levels this year in comparison with last year. Students are included in the performance level achieved in the prior year.

**Due to the redesign of the reading language arts (RLA) STAAR, the inclusion of new item types in mathematics, the shift to a fully online assessment system, and required standard setting and validation processes, [STAAR Progress Measures will NOT be calculated for 2022–23](#).*

The above measures were used to determine the Annual Growth, Accelerated Learning and STAAR Progress in the Bilingual Education/ESL report.

Bilingual Education/ESL (2022–23)

Bilingual Education (BE): Dual-language program that enables emergent bilingual (EB) students/English learners (ELs) to become proficient in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in the English language through the development of literacy and academic skills in the primary language and English. This category includes the following:

- *BE Transitional Early Exit.* Bilingual program model in which students identified as EB students/ELs are served in both English and another language and are prepared to meet reclassification criteria to be successful in English-only instruction not earlier than two or later than five years after the student enrolls in school.
- *BE Transitional Late Exit.* Bilingual program model in which students identified as EB students/ELs are served in both English and another language and are prepared to meet reclassification criteria to be successful in English-only instruction not earlier than six or later than seven years after the student enrolls in school.
- *BE Dual Two-Way.* Bilingual/biliteracy program model in which students identified as EB students/ELs are integrated with non-EB/non-EL students and are served in both English and another language and are prepared to meet reclassification criteria to be successful in English-only instruction not earlier than six or later than seven years after the student enrolls in school. This model provides ongoing instruction in literacy and academic content in English and another language with at least half of the instruction delivered in the non-English program language for the duration of the program.
- *BE Dual One-Way.* Bilingual/biliteracy program model in which students identified as EB students/ELs are served in both English and another language and are prepared to meet reclassification criteria to be successful in English-only instruction not earlier than six or later than seven years after the student enrolls in school. This model provides ongoing instruction in literacy and academic content in the students' primary language as well as English, with at least half of the instruction delivered in the students' primary language for the duration of the program.

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English as a Second Language (ESL): An English acquisition program that enables EB students/ELs to become proficient in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in the English language through the integrated use of second language acquisition methods. This category includes the following:

- *ESL Content-Based.* An English acquisition program that serves students identified as EB students/ELs through English instruction by a teacher appropriately certified in ESL under TEC, §29.061(c), through English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies.
- *ESL Pull-Out.* An English program that serves students identified as EB students/ELs through English instruction provided by an appropriately certified ESL teacher under the TEC, §29.061(c), through English language arts and reading. Instruction shall be provided by the ESL teacher in a pull-out or inclusionary delivery model.

Alternative Language Program (ALP): An alternative language program provided to EB students/ELs for whom the LEA does not have the appropriately certified teachers for the required bilingual education or ESL program for the current school year. This category includes the following:

- *ALP Bilingual (Exception).* An alternative language program to the required bilingual education (BE) program approved by the TEA for the current school year due to the LEA's submission of a bilingual education exception application.
- *ALP ESL (Waiver).* An alternative language program to the required English as a second language (ESL) program approved by the TEA for the current school year due to the LEA's submission of an ESL waiver application.

Emergent Bilingual (EB) Students/English Learners (EL): The count and percentage of students whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. As a result of the 87th Texas Legislature, the term "emergent bilingual student" replaced the term of "limited English proficient (LEP) student" used in the Texas Education Code (TEC), Chapter 29, Subchapter B, and thus, will be changing the term of "English learner (EL)" used in 19 TAC Chapter 89, Subchapter BB. These terms describe the same group of Texas students. In the revised Texas Education Data Standards (TEDS), the terms of "emergent bilingual" and "English learner" have been bridged as EB/EL. The term "English learner" is still used in federal regulations and guidance. This category includes:

- *EB/EL with Parental Denial.* Students identified as EB students/ELs whose parents have denied all bilingual and ESL program services.
- *Never EB/EL.* Students who have never been identified as EB students/ELs (non-EB students/non-ELs).
- *Total EB/EL (Current).* Students currently identified as EB students/ELs, including those served in a standard or alternative bilingual or ESL program as well as those with a parental denial of services.
- *Monitored & Former EB/EL.* Students who were once identified as EB students/ELs but have reclassified as English proficient, including students within their four years of state and federal monitoring and those beyond monitoring years.

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Advanced Math Pathways

The count of students who were administered an Algebra EOC by the end of their 8th grade year. Students in Grade 8 is the count of all students in Grade 8 regardless of their Grade 5 math performance level. As a result of the cancellation of STAAR in 2020 due to COVID-19, most current grade 8 students do not have a Grade 5 STAAR Math score. Students with a Grade 5 STAAR Math score took the assessment before 2020. The details on the counts are as follows:

All Students: STAAR Algebra I EOC participation rate by the end of Grade 8

Students that have taken STAAR Algebra I EOC by the end of Grade 8

Students in Grade 8

Achieved Meets Grade Level or Above on Grade 5 Math: STAAR Algebra I EOC participation rate for students that achieved Meets Grade Level or Above on Grade 5 STAAR Math

Students in Grade 8 that achieved Meets Grade Level or Above on Grade 5 STAAR Math and have taken STAAR Algebra I EOC

Students in Grade 8 that achieved Meets Grade Level or Above on Grade 5 STAAR Math

Achieved Masters Grade Level on Grade 5 Math: Algebra I participation rate for students in Grade 8 that achieved Masters on Grade 5 STAAR Math

Students in Grade 8 that achieved Masters on Grade 5 STAAR Math and have taken STAAR Algebra I EOC

Students in Grade 8 that achieved Masters on Grade 5 STAAR Math

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STAAR Participation (2022–23)

The percentage of students who were administered a STAAR assessment, STAAR Alternate 2, Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS), TELPAS Alternate, and/or an SAT/ACT. The details on the participation categories are as follows:

Assessment Participant: 1) number of answer documents with a score code of S, 2) number of STAAR Alternate 2 testers with a score code of N, 3) number of A or O reading language arts (RLA) answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessment, 4) number of A or O mathematics answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS alternate assessment for year 1-5 asylee/refugees and students with interrupted formal education (SIFEs), and 5) number of accelerated testers' EBRW SAT, ELA ACT assessments, ACT science, and mathematics SAT and ACT assessments.

- *Included in Accountability:* scored answer documents
 - *Accelerated Testers:* SAT/ACT results for students who completed STAAR end-of-course (EOC) assessments while in middle school.
- *Not included in Accountability:* answer documents counted as participants but not included in performance calculations
 - ◆ *Mobile:* answer documents were excluded because the students enrolled in the district or campus after the TSDS PEIMS fall snapshot.
 - ◆ *Other Exclusions.* The following answer documents were excluded from performance calculations:
 - ❖ Answer documents for students who were tested only on the TELPAS/TELPAS Alternate or TELPAS/TELPAS Alternate plus STAAR assessments with score codes of A or O.
 - ❖ Answer documents of students who are either EB students/ELs who have been in school in the U.S. for one year.
 - ❖ Answer documents of STAAR Alternate 2 testers with a score code of N.

Not Tested: answer documents with score codes A or O or accelerated testers without an SAT/ACT assessment

- *Absent:* answer documents with score code A
- *Other:* answer documents with score code O

The denominator for participation is the sum of these five categories: Included in Accountability, Mobile, Other Exclusions, and Not Tested (Absent and Other). *STAAR Participation Rate* is rounded to a whole number. For example, 94.49% is rounded to 94%. Small values may show as zero: 0.4% is rounded to 0%, and 0.6% is rounded to 1%. (*Data source: STAAR and TELPAS File*)

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Attendance and Graduation

Attendance, Graduation, and Dropout Rates

Attendance Rate: The percentage of days that students were present based on student attendance for the entire school year. Only students in grades 1–12 are included in the calculation.

Attendance is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{total number of days students in grades 1–12 were present during the 2021–22 school year}}{\text{total number of days students in grades 1–12 were in membership during the 2021–22 school year}}$$

(Data source: PEIMS 42400)

Chronic Absenteeism: The unduplicated number of K–12 students enrolled for at least 10 days and absent for 10 percent or more days. Chronic Absenteeism is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{total number of K–12 students enrolled for at least 10 days and absent for 10 percent or more days during the 2021–22 school year}}{\text{total number of K–12 students enrolled for at least 10 days during the 2021–22 school year}}$$

(Data source: PEIMS 42400)

Annual Dropout Rate: The percentage of students who drop out of school during a school year. Annual dropout rates are shown for districts and campuses that serve grades 7–8 and/or 9–12. State law prohibits including a student who meets any of the following criteria from campus and district annual dropout rate calculations:

- Is ordered by a court to attend a high school equivalency certificate program but has not earned a high school equivalency certificate
- Was previously reported to the state as a dropout (previous dropout/previous dropout exclusions do not apply to completion measure calculations for AEA campuses)
- Was in attendance but not in membership for purposes of average daily attendance (i.e., students for whom school districts are not receiving state Foundation School Program [FSP] funds)
- Was initially enrolled in a school in the United States in any grade 7 through 12 as an unschooled refugee or asylee as defined by [TEC §39.027\(a-1\)](#)
- Attends a district exclusively as a function of having been detained at a county detention facility and is not otherwise a student of the district in which the facility is located or is being provided services by an open-enrollment charter school exclusively as the result of having been detained at the facility
- Is incarcerated in a state jail or federal penitentiary as an adult or as a person certified to stand trial as an adult
- Is a student who has suffered a condition, injury, or illness that requires substantial medical care and leaves the student unable to attend school and assigned to a medical or residential treatment facility

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- Is a student in a Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility or residential treatment facility served by a Texas public school district
- Is at least 18 years of age as of September 1 and has satisfied the credit requirements for high school graduation; has not completed his or her individualized education program (IEP); and is enrolled and receiving IEP services
- Is a student who (a) is at least 18 years of age and under 26 years of age; (b) has not been previously reported as a dropout; and (c) has not been enrolled in school during the previous nine months before enrolling in a high school equivalency program, a dropout recovery school, or an adult education program provided under a high school diploma and industry certification charter school program (previous dropout/previous dropout exclusions do not apply to completion measure calculations for AEA campuses)

Annual Dropout Rate (Gr 7–8). This includes only grades 7 and 8. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of dropouts in grades 7 and 8 during the 2021–22 school year}}{\text{number of students in grades 7 and 8 in attendance at any time during the 2021–22 school year}}$$

Annual Dropout Rate (Gr 9–12). This includes grades 9 through 12. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of dropouts in grades 9–12 during the 2021–22 school year}}{\text{number of students in grades 9–12 in attendance at any time during the 2021–22 school year}}$$

Both annual dropout rates appear on campus, district, region, and state TAPRs. The state and region annual dropout rates that are reported on district and campus TAPRs, however, are calculated without the exclusions required for campus and district calculations.

Note that with all annual dropout rate calculations, a cumulative count of students is used in the denominator. This method for calculating the dropout rate neutralizes the effect of mobility by including in the denominator every student ever reported in attendance at the district or campus throughout the school year, regardless of length of enrollment. For a more complete description of dropout rates and exclusions, see the [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools, 2021-22](#) reports, available on the TEA website at [Completion, Graduation, and Dropout | Texas Education Agency](#).

For detailed information on data sources, see Appendix H in the [2023 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: PEIMS 40203, 40110, 42400, and 42500)

Longitudinal Rates: The status of a group (cohort) of students after four years in high school (*4-Year Longitudinal Rate*), after five years in high school (*5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*), or after six years in high school (*6-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*).

For the *4-Year Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2018–19. They are followed through their expected graduation with the Class of 2022.

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For the *5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2017–18. They are followed for five years and included if they graduated within a year after their expected graduation with the Class of 2021.

For the *6-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate*, the cohort consists of students who first attended ninth grade in 2016–17. They are followed for six years and included if they graduated within two years after their expected graduation with the Class of 2020.

Additional Information on Cohorts:

A student transfers into a campus, district, or state cohort when he or she moves into the cohort from another high school in Texas, from another district in Texas, or from out of state.

A student transfers out of a campus or district cohort when he or she moves to another public high school in Texas or moves to another district in Texas. Note that these students are transferred into the cohort of the high school or district to which they moved. There are also students who move out of state or out of the country and students who transfer to private schools or who are home-schooled. These types of transfer students cannot be tracked and are not included in longitudinal rate calculations.

A student does not change cohorts if he or she repeats or skips a grade. A student who begins with the 2018–19 ninth-grade cohort remains with that cohort. A student who started the ninth grade in 2018–19 but takes 5 years to graduate (i.e., graduates in May 2023) is still part of the 2022 cohort; he or she is not switched to the 2023 cohort. This student would be considered a continuing student and counted as part of the Continued HS number for the Class of 2022. This is also true for the five-year and six-year extended longitudinal cohorts.

There are four student outcomes used in computing each longitudinal rate:

4-Year Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma in four years or fewer by August 31, 2022 for the 2022 cohort.

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2022 cohort, the percentage who received a Texas high school equivalency certificate by August 31, 2022. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2022 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

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- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2022 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2022–23 school year

number of students in the 2022 cohort*

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*: The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2022 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the 2022 cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022 plus number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022

number of students in the 2022 cohort*

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*: The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2022 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022 plus

number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022 plus

number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year

number of students in the 2022 cohort*

The graduation rate calculation is modified to credit AEA campuses for graduates, continuing students (continuers), TxCHSE recipients, and previous dropouts who complete. The completion rate component includes the four-year rates.

5-Year Extended Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma by August 31, 2022, for the 2021 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022

number of students in the 2022 cohort*

- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2021 cohort, the percentage who received a TxCHSE certificate by August 31, 2022. It is calculated as follows:

number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022

number of students in the 2022 cohort*

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- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2021 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2021 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2022–23 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*: The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2021 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022} \end{array}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*: The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2021 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year} \end{array}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

The graduation rate calculation is modified to credit AEA campuses for graduates, continuing students (continuers), TxCHSE recipients, and previous dropouts who complete. The completion rate component includes the five-year rates.

6-year Extended Longitudinal Rate

- (1) *Graduated*: The percentage who received their high school diploma by August 31, 2022, for the 2020 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

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- (2) *Received TxCHSE*: For the 2020 cohort, the percentage who received a TxCHSE certificate by August 31, 2022. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (3) *Continued High School*: The percentage of the 2020 cohort still enrolled as students in the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (4) *Dropped Out*: The percentage of the 2020 cohort who dropped out and did not return by the fall of the 2022–23 school year. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who dropped out before fall of the 2022–23 school year}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (5) *Graduates & TxCHSE*: The percentage of graduates and TxCHSE recipients in the 2020 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022} \end{array}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

- (6) *Graduates, TxCHSE & Continuers*: The percentage of graduates, TxCHSE recipients, and continuers in the 2018 cohort. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who received a TxCHSE by August 31, 2022} \\ \text{plus} \\ \text{number of students from the cohort who were enrolled in the fall of the 2022–23 school year} \end{array}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort}^*}$$

The graduation rate calculation is modified to credit AEA campuses for graduates, continuing students (continuers), TxCHSE recipients, and previous dropouts who complete. The completion rate component includes the six-year rates.

- * The cohort in the denominator of the formulas shown above includes those students who graduated, continued in school, received a TxCHSE, or dropped out. It does not include data errors or leavers with the leaver reason codes 03, 16, 24, 60, 66, 78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89 or 90. See *Annual Dropout Rate* for a list of all the exclusions mandated by state statute for districts and campuses.

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The graduation, continuation, TxCHSE recipient, and dropout rates sum to 100% (some totals may not equal exactly 100% due to rounding). Students served through special education who graduate with an individualized education program (IEP) are included as graduates.

Additional Information about Federal Graduation Rates

In addition to the detailed breakdown of the four-, five- and six-year longitudinal rates, the district and campus reports show federal graduation rates for the following:

- (1) *4-Year Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2018–19. They are followed through their expected graduation with the Class of 2022. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort**}}$$

- (2) *5-Year Extended Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2017–18. They are followed for five years to see if they graduated within a year after their expected graduation with the Class of 2021. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort**}}$$

- (3) *6-Year Extended Federal Graduation Rate*. Cohort of students who first attended ninth grade in 2016–17. They are followed for six years to see if they graduated within two years after their expected graduation with the Class of 2020. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students from the cohort who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2022}}{\text{number of students in the 2022 cohort**}}$$

** The cohort in the denominators above include those students who graduated, continued in school, received a TxCHSE, or dropped out. It does not include data errors or leavers with leaver reason codes 03, 16, 24, 60, 66, 78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, or 90. Students with leaver codes 88 and 89 are included in the federal rates.

A student in a Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility or residential treatment facility served by a Texas public school district is excluded from district and campus graduation rates calculated for federal accountability purposes. Students served by special education who graduate with an individualized education program (IEP) are included as graduates.

For further information on these rates, see the [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools, 2021-22](#). (Data source: PEIMS 40203 and Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency Information File)

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Graduation Program: The percentage of students who graduated under one of the following programs:

RHSP/DAP Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) (Class of 2022) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program or Distinguished Achievement Program.

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 who complete a 4-year RHSP or DAP

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 with reported graduation plans

(excludes graduates with FHSP graduation plans)

FHSP-E Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement.

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 who complete a 4-year FHSP-E

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 with reported FHSP graduation plans

FHSP-DLA Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program at the distinguished level of achievement.

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 who complete a 4-year FHSP-DLA

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 with reported FHSP graduation plans

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates (Longitudinal Rate) The percentage of graduates who, after four years, satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program, Distinguished Achievement Program, or the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement or at the distinguished level of achievement.

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 who complete a 4-year RHSP or DAP or FHSP-E or FHSP-DLA

number of graduates in the Class of 2022 with reported graduation plans

RHSP/DAP Graduates (Annual Rate) (2021-22) The percentage of graduates who satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program or Distinguished Achievement Program.

number of graduates in SY 2021-22 reported with graduation codes for RHSP or DAP

number of graduates in SY 2021-22 with reported graduation plans (excludes graduates with FHSP graduation plans)

FHSP-E Graduates (Annual Rate) (2021–22) The percentage of graduates who satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement.

number of graduates in SY 2021–22 who earn an FHSP-E

number of graduates in SY 2021–22 with reported FHSP graduation plans

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

FHSP-DLA Graduates (Annual Rate) (2021–22) The percentage of graduates who satisfied the course requirements for the Foundation High School Program at the distinguished level of achievement.

$$\frac{\text{number of graduates in SY 2021–22 who earn an FHSP-DLA}}{\text{number of graduates in SY 2021–22 with reported FHSP graduation plans}}$$

RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA Graduates (Annual Rate) (2021–22) The percentage of graduates who satisfied the course requirements for the Recommended High School Program, Distinguished Achievement Program, or at the Foundation High School Program with an endorsement or the distinguished level of achievement.

$$\frac{\text{number of graduates in SY 2021–22 reported with graduation codes for RHSP or DAP or FHSP-E or FHSP-DLA}}{\text{number of graduates in SY 2021–22 with reported graduation plans}}$$

RHSP graduates have graduation type codes of 19, 22, 25, 28, or 31; DAP graduates have graduation type codes of 20, 23, 26, 29, or 32; FHSP graduates are students with graduation type codes of 34, 35, 54, 55, 56, or 57. FHSP graduates with code type 35 are eligible for endorsements starting with the Class of 2020. See the [Texas Education Data Standards](#) for more information. *(Data source: PEIMS 40203)*

For additional information about graduation programs please see

https://tea.texas.gov/Academics/Graduation_Information/State_Graduation_Requirements.

Graduation Profile

Annual Graduates: The count and percentage of students who graduate at some time during the school year. It includes summer graduates and is reported by districts in the fall of the following school year. It includes all students in grade 12 who graduated, as well as graduates from other grades. Students served by special education who graduate are included in the totals. Counts of students graduating under the following graduation types in 2021-22 are also shown:

- Minimum High School Program (MHSP)
- Recommended High School Program (RHSP)
- Distinguished Achievement Program (DAP)
- Foundation High School Program (FHSP)

(Data source: PEIMS 40203)

Special Education: The count and percentage of graduates served by special education programs. *(Data source: PEIMS 41163)*

Economically Disadvantaged: The count and percentage of graduates eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100 and STAAR)*

$$\frac{\text{number of graduates in the 2021–22 school year eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance}}{\text{total number of graduates in the 2021-22 school year}}$$

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Emergent Bilingual (EB)/English Learner (EL): The count and percentage of graduates whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. The terms “Emergent Bilingual,” “English learner” and “Limited English Proficient” (LEP) are used interchangeably. *(Data source: PEIMS 40110)*

At-Risk: The count and percentage of graduates identified as being at risk of dropping out of school as defined by [TEC §29.081\(d\) and \(d-1\)](#). *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

number of graduates in the 2021–22 school year considered as at risk

total number of graduates in the 2021-22 school year

CTE Completers: The count and percentage of graduates who completed and passed three or more Career and Technical Education (CTE) courses for a total of four or more credits within a program of study, including one level three or level four course from the same program of study. *(Data source: PEIMS Course Completion Records)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Postsecondary Readiness

College, Career, and Military* Readiness (CCMR)

Please note, graduates who were not enrolled in a Texas public school in any of the preceding 4 years are excluded from data shown in the CCMR tab.

Annual graduates demonstrate college, career, or military readiness in any one of the following ways:

College Readiness

- 1) **Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria:** Meet Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria in RLA and Mathematics. A student meeting the TSI college readiness standards in both RLA and mathematics; specifically, meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 and TEC §51.338, in both RLA and mathematics. The criteria for successful completion of a college prep course should be in alignment between an LEA and the partnering IHE(s). In accordance with TEC §51.338(e), upon successful completion of a college prep course, students earn a TSI exemption from the partnering IHE(s) in that content area. Students should only be reported as successfully completing a course if they have met TSI exemption requirements. The assessment results considered include TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessments through October 2022, SAT and ACT results through the July 2022 administration, and course completion data via TSDS PEIMS. See Appendix H for additional information. A student must meet the TSI requirement for both RLA and mathematics but does not necessarily need to meet them on the same assessment. For example, a student may meet the TSI criteria for college readiness in RLA on the SAT and complete and earn credit for a college prep course in mathematics. *(Data source: PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT, Inc.)*
- 2) **Earn Dual Course Credits:** A graduate completing and earning credit for at least three credit hours in ELA or mathematics or at least nine credit hours in any subject. *(Data source: PEIMS 43415)*
- 3) **Meet Criteria on Advanced Placement (AP)/International Baccalaureate (IB) Examination:** A graduate meeting the criterion score on an AP or IB examination in any subject area. Criterion score is 3 or more for AP and 4 or more for IB. *(Data source: College Board or IB)*
- 4) **Earn an Associate Degree:** A graduate earning an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*
- 5) **Earn OnRamps Course Credits:** A graduate completing an OnRamps dual enrollment course and qualifying for at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area. *(Data source: OnRamps program)*

Career/Military Readiness

- 6) **Earn an Industry-Based Certification:** A graduate earning an IBC under 19 TAC, §74.1003. See Appendix J for a complete list of approved IBCs. The sunseting IBC limit applied within the Student Achievement and School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance domains is not applied within Closing the Gaps. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

- 7) **Graduate with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness:** A graduate receiving a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55 which indicates the student has completed his/her IEP and has either demonstrated self-employment with self-help skills to maintain employment or has demonstrated mastery of specific employability and self-help skills that do not require public school services. *(Data source: PEIMS 40203)*
- 8) **Graduates under an Advanced Degree Plan and Identified as a current Special Education Student:** A graduate who is identified as receiving special education services during the year of graduation and whose graduation plan type is identified as a Recommended High School Plan (RHSP), Distinguished Achievement Plan (DAP), Foundation High School Plan with an Endorsement (FHSP-E), or Foundation High School Plan with a Distinguished Level of Achievement (FHSP-DLA) *(Data source: PEIMS 40203 and 40110)*
- 9) **Graduate with Level I or Level II Certificate:** A graduate earning a level I or level II certificate in any workforce education area. *(Data source: THECB)*
- 10) ***Enlist in the Armed Forces** A graduate enlisting in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Coast Guard, Marines, or Texas National Guard *(Data source: PEIMS 40203)*

**Due to discrepancies between annual enlistment counts for Texas military enlistees aged 17–19 released by the United States Department of Defense and PEIMS military enlistment data for 2017 and 2018 annual graduates, military enlistment data is excluded from accountability calculations until such data can be obtained directly from the United States Armed Forces. Enlistment data reported in PEIMS for 2021 and 2022 annual graduates is included for indicators displaying military readiness.*

College, Career, or Military Ready Graduates

College, Career, or Military Ready (Student Achievement): The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college, career, or military readiness by meeting at least one of the nine criteria described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

Only College Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated only college readiness by meeting college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 but did not meet any of the career and military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, or 9 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

Only Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated only career or military readiness by meeting career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, or 9 but did not meet any of the college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

College Ready and Career/Military Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college and career/military readiness by meeting college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 and career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, or 9 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*.

College Ready Graduates

College Ready: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college readiness by meeting criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*. This percentage includes graduates who may have met career or military ready criteria 6, 7, 8, or 9. *(Data source: PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, ACT, IB, and PEIMS 49010)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

TSI Criteria Graduates: The percentage of annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA), the SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. The criteria for each are as follows:

TSI Criteria						
TSIA1 and/or TSIA2		SAT		ACT		College Prep Course
>= ELAR criteria shown below	or	>=480 on the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (EBRW)	or	>=19 on English and >= 23 Composite	or	Complete and earn credit for ELA college prep course
>= Mathematics criteria shown below	or	>=530 on Mathematics	or	>=19 on Mathematics and >=23 Composite	or	Complete and earn credit for mathematics college prep course

Subject	Assessment Version	Score Requirements for CCMR				
English Language Arts and Reading (ELAR)	TSIA1	Score ≥ 351 on Reading				
	TSIA2	Score ≥ 945 on the ELAR College Readiness Classification (CRC)	AND		Score ≥ 5 on the essay	
		OR				
	Score < 945 on the ELAR CRC	AND	Score ≥ 5 on the diagnostic	AND	Score ≥ 5 on the essay	
	Combination	Score ≥ 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2	AND		Score ≥ 5 on the TSIA1 essay	
		OR				
Score < 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2	AND	Score ≥ 5 on the diagnostic on the TSIA2	AND	Score ≥ 5 on the TSIA1 essay		
Mathematics	TSIA1	Score ≥ 350 on Mathematics				
	TSIA2	Score ≥ 950 on the Mathematics CRC				
		OR				
Score < 950 on the Mathematics CRC	AND	Score = 6 on the diagnostic				

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

The percentages are calculated as follows:

English Language Arts.

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in ELA

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Mathematics.

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in mathematics

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Both Subjects.

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in both ELA and mathematics

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Any Subject.

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course in ELA or mathematics

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

AP/IB Criteria Met in Any Subject: The percentage of annual graduates who earned a 3 or more on an AP examination or a 4 or more on an IB examination. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who earned a 3 or more on an AP examination or a 4 or more on an IB examination

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Associate Degree: The percentage of annual graduates who earned an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation.. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who earned an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation.

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Dual Course Credits: A graduate completing and earning credit for at least three credit hours in ELA or mathematics or at least nine credit hours in any subject. *(Data source: PEIMS 43415)*

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for nine or more hours of dual credit in any subject or three or more hours in ELA or mathematics

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

OnRamps Course Credits: The percentage of annual graduates who completed an OnRamps dual enrollment course and qualified for at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area *(Data source: OnRamps program)*

number of 2020-21 annual graduates who completed an OnRamps course and qualified for three hours of college credit before graduation

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Career/Military Ready Graduates

Career or Military Ready Graduates: The percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated career or military readiness by meeting criteria 6, 7, 8, or 9 described in *College, Career, or Military Readiness*. This percentage includes graduates who may have met college ready criteria 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

Approved Industry-Based Certification: The percentage of annual graduates who earned an approved industry-based certification. For additional information, see Chapter 2 of the [2023 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: PEIMS 48011)

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who earned an approved industry-based certification

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Graduates with Level I or Level II Certificate: The percentage of annual graduates who earned a level I or level II certificate (Data source: THECB)

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who earned a level I or level II certificate

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Graduates with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness: The percentage of annual graduates who received a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55. For additional information, see Chapter 2 of the [2023 Accountability Manual](#). (Data source: PEIMS 40203)

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who received a graduation type code of 04, 05, 54, or 55

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Graduates Under an Advanced Diploma Plan and be Identified as a Current Special Education Student: The percentage of annual graduates under an advanced diploma plan and identified as a current special education student (Data source: PEIMS 40203 and 42401)

number of 2021-22 annual graduates who graduated under an advanced diploma plan and were identified as a current special education student

number of 2021-22 annual graduates

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

CCMR-related Indicators (2022–23)

TSIA Results (Participation) (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who took the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 examinations. (*Data Source THECB*)

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who took the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Average TSIA1 Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates on the TSIA1. If a student takes the TSIA1 more than once, the best result by subject area is selected. (*Data Source THECB*)

English Language Arts and Reading (ELAR): The average score for the TSIA1 English Language Arts. The maximum score is 390.

$$\frac{\text{sum of TSIA1 English scores of all 2021-22 annual graduates who took the TSIA1}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Mathematics: The average score for the TSIA1 mathematics. The maximum score is 390.

$$\frac{\text{sum of TSIA1 mathematics scores of all 2021-22 annual graduates who took the TSIA1}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Average TSIA2 Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates on the TSIA2. If a student takes the TSIA2 more than once, the best result by subject area is selected. (*Data Source THECB*)

English Language Arts and Reading (ELAR): The average score for the TSIA2 English Language Arts. The maximum score is 990.

$$\frac{\text{sum of TSIA2 English scores of all 2021-22 annual graduates who took the TSIA2}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Mathematics: The average score for the TSIA2 mathematics. The maximum score is 990.

$$\frac{\text{sum of TSIA2 mathematics scores of all 2021-22 annual graduates who took the TSIA2}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

TSIA Results (Graduates >= Criterion) (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who met the TSI criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 (*Data source: THECB and PEIMS 40203*)

English Language Arts.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 in ELA}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Mathematics.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 in mathematics}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Both Subjects.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who met or exceeded the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 in both ELA and mathematics}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Completed and Received Credit for College Prep Courses (Annual Graduates): The percentage of annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in either ELA or mathematics or both. *(Data source: PEIMS 43415)*

English Language Arts.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in ELA}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

Mathematics.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in mathematics}}{\text{number of 2021-21 annual graduates}}$$

Both Subjects.

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates who completed and earned credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014 in ELA and mathematics}}{\text{number of 2021-22 annual graduates}}$$

AP/IB Results (Participation) (Grades 11–12): The percentage of students in grades 11 and 12 who took the College Board’s Advanced Placement (AP) examinations or the International Baccalaureate’s (IB) examinations. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

All Subjects.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grades 11 & 12 in the 2021-22 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination}}{\text{total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12}}$$

English Language Arts.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grades 11 & 12 in the 2021-22 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in ELA}}{\text{total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12}}$$

Mathematics.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2021-22 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in mathematics}}{\text{total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12}}$$

Science.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2021-22 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in science}}{\text{total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12}}$$

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Social Studies.

number of students in grade 11 & 12 in the 2021-22 school year who took at least one AP or IB examination in social studies

total students enrolled in grades 11 & 12

(Data source: College Board, IB, and PEIMS 40110)

AP/IB Results (Examinees >= Criterion) (Grades 11–12): The percentage of students with at least one AP or IB examination in grades 11 and 12 at or above the criterion score. High school students may take one or more of these examinations, ideally upon completion of AP or IB courses, and may receive advanced placement or credit, or both, upon entering college. Generally, colleges will award credit or advanced placement for scores of 3, 4, or 5 on AP examinations and scores of 4, 5, 6, or 7 on IB examinations. Requirements vary by college and by subject tested. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

All Subjects.

number of 11th and 12th graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination

English Language Arts.

number of 11th and 12th graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in ELA

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in ELA

Mathematics.

number of 11th and 12th graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in mathematics

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in mathematics

Science.

number of 11th and 12th graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in science

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in science

Social Studies.

number of 11th and 12th graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion in social studies

number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB examination in social studies

(Data source: The College Board, The International Baccalaureate Organization, and PEIMS 40110)

AP/IB Results (11th & 12th Graders >= Criterion): The percentage of students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score. This denominator includes students enrolled in grades 11 and 12 who did not take AP or IB examination. High school students may take one or more of these examinations, ideally upon completion of AP or IB courses, and may receive advanced placement or credit, or both, upon entering college. Generally, colleges will award credit or advanced placement for scores of 3, 4, or 5 on AP examinations and scores of 4, 5, 6, or 7 on IB examinations. Requirements vary by college and by subject tested. *(Data source: College Board and IB)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

All Subjects.

$$\frac{\text{number of 11}^{\text{th}} \text{ and } 12^{\text{th}} \text{ graders in the 2021-22 school year with at least one AP or IB score at or above criterion}}{\text{total students enrolled in 11}^{\text{th}} \text{ and } 12^{\text{th}} \text{ grades}}$$

SAT/ACT Results (Annual Graduates): Participation and performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the College Board’s SAT and ACT, Inc.’s ACT assessment. ACT and SAT scores are based on each student’s highest section scores across all exams taken, and the SAT total and ACT composite scores are calculated using the highest section scores.

- (1) *Tested:* The percentage of graduates who took either college admissions assessment:

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took either the SAT or the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates reported}}$$

- (2) *At/Above Criterion for All Graduates:* The percentage of graduates who scored at or above the criterion score of 480 on the SAT evidence-based reading and writing *or* 19 on ACT English section and 23 on the ACT composite *and* 530 on SAT mathematics *or* 19 on ACT Mathematics section and 23 on the ACT composite:

$$\frac{\text{number of 2021-22 graduating examinees who scored at or above the criterion score on either the SAT or the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates reported}}$$

Average SAT Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the College Board’s SAT assessment. If a student takes the SAT more than once, the best result by subject area is selected, and the SAT total is calculated as the sum of the highest section scores.

- (1) *All Subjects:* The average score for the SAT evidence-based reading and writing and mathematics combined. The maximum score is 1600.

$$\frac{\text{sum of SAT total scores (evidence-based reading and writing + mathematics) of all 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}$$

- (2) *English Language Arts and Writing:* The average score for the SAT evidence-based reading and writing. The maximum score is 800.

$$\frac{\text{sum of SAT evidence-based reading and writing scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}$$

- (3) *Mathematics:* The average score for the SAT mathematics. The maximum score is 800.

$$\frac{\text{sum of SAT mathematics scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the SAT}}$$

(Data source: College Board and PEIMS 40203)

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Average ACT Score (Annual Graduates): Performance of annual graduates from all Texas public schools on the ACT Inc.'s ACT assessment. If a student takes the ACT more than once, the best result by subject area is selected, and the ACT composite scores is calculated as the average of the highest section scores.

(1) *All Subjects:* The average score for the ACT composite. The maximum score is 36.

$$\frac{\text{sum of ACT composite scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}$$

(2) *English Language Arts:* The average score for the ACT English and reading combined. The maximum score is 36.

$$\frac{\text{sum of ACT English and reading combined scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}$$

(3) *Mathematics:* The average score for the mathematics ACT. The maximum score is 36.

$$\frac{\text{sum of ACT mathematics scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}$$

(4) *Science:* The average score for the science ACT. The maximum score is 36.

$$\frac{\text{sum of ACT science scores of all 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}{\text{number of 2021-22 graduates who took the ACT}}$$

Other Postsecondary Indicators (2022–23)

Please note, unlike the data shown on the CCMR tab, graduates who were not enrolled in a Texas public school in any of the preceding 4 years are included in the data.

Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion (Grades 9–12): The percentage of students who completed and received credit for at least one advanced or dual-credit course. Decisions about awarding high school credit for college courses are described in [Texas Administrative Code §74.25](#).

Appendix A lists all courses identified as advanced courses. Courses for which a student can earn dual credit are not listed because they vary from campus to campus.

Course completion information is reported by districts through the PEIMS after the close of the school year. For example, the values, expressed as percentages for grades 9–12, are calculated as follows: (Data source: PEIMS 43415)

Any Subject.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grades 9–12 in 2021-22 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course}}{\text{number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one course in 2021-22}}$$

English Language Arts.

$$\frac{\text{number of students in grades 9–12 in 2021-22 who received credit for at least one ELA advanced/dual-credit course}}{\text{number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one ELA course in 2021-22}}$$

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Mathematics.

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2021-22 who received credit for at least one mathematics advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one mathematics course in 2021-22

Science.

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2021-22 who received credit for at least one science advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one science course in 2021-22

Social Studies.

number of students in grades 9–12 in 2021-22 who received credit for at least one social studies advanced/dual-credit course

number of students in grades 9–12 who received credit for at least one social studies course in 2021-22

(Data source: PEIMS 43415)

Graduates Enrolled in Texas Institution of Higher Education (TX IHE): The percentage of students who enrolled and began instruction at an institution of higher education in Texas for the school year following high school graduation.

number of graduates during the 2020-21 school year who attended a public or independent college or university in Texas in the following academic year

number of graduates during the 2020-21 school year

Students who enrolled in out-of-state colleges or universities or any non-public career school are not included. Students who attend public community colleges in Texas are included.

(Data source: THECB)

Additional reports showing students enrolled in Texas public colleges and universities are available on the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB) site at <http://www.txhighereddata.org/generatelinks.cfm?Section=HS2Col>.

For more information on the data used in this indicator, contact the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board at (512) 427-6153. *(Data source: THECB)*

CCMR Outcomes Bonus (2020–21)

Economically Disadvantaged: The count and percentage of annual graduates eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

number of annual graduates eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance

number of annual graduates

Non-Economically Disadvantaged: Those annual graduates not eligible to participate in free or reduced-price lunch or to receive any other public assistance. This is the complementary count and percentage to Economically Disadvantaged.

Special Education: The count and percentage of annual graduates served by special education programs. Special Education annual graduates count towards either economically disadvantaged or non-economically disadvantaged in addition to the special education group. *(Data source: PEIMS 41163)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Met Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria: The count and percentage of annual graduates that met Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria in RLA and Mathematics, specifically, meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment, SAT, or ACT. (*Data source: THECB, College Board, and ACT, Inc.*)

Met CCMR OB Criteria - College Ready: The count and percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated college readiness criteria by either (1) earning an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation or by (2) meeting TSI criteria, specifically, meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment, SAT, or ACT and enrolling at a postsecondary educational institution the fall semester immediately following high school graduation.

Met CCMR OB Criteria - Career Ready: The count and percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated career readiness criteria by meeting TSI criteria, specifically, meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment, SAT, or ACT and by either earning an IBC under 19 TAC, §74.1003, or earning a level I or level II certificate in any workforce education area.

Met CCMR OB Criteria - Military Ready: The count and percentage of annual graduates who demonstrated military readiness criteria by enlisting in the U.S. Armed Forces or Texas National Guard by December 31 immediately following high school graduation.

Met CCMR OB Criteria: The count and percentage of annual graduates that met either the college, career, or military readiness (CCMR) Outcome Bonus criteria.

Threshold: The count and percentage of annual graduates necessary to meet CCMR OB threshold before a monetary bonus is awarded for each additional graduate that meets CCMR OB criteria of the three cohorts—economically disadvantaged, non-economically disadvantaged, and special education.

CCMR OB Threshold Percentages by Cohort

Annual Graduates	CCMR OB Threshold
Economically Disadvantaged	11%
Non-Economically Disadvantaged	24%
Special Education	0%

Met CCMR OB Criteria Above Threshold: The count and percentage of annual graduates that exceed the threshold. Districts are awarded a monetary bonus for each of these annual graduates.

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Profile

Student Information (2022–23)

Please note, the Enrollment section of this report was added beginning with 2019–20. The definitions below describe the nuances between Membership and Enrollment. If comparing the data shown from this year’s report to reports prior to 2020–2021, use the data displayed under Membership.

Enrollment: Students reported as enrolled as of the last Friday in October (October 28, 2022).

Membership: Membership differs from enrollment as it does not include those students who are served for less than two hours per day. A student is in membership if he/she is enrolled and is either

- scheduled to attend at least two hours of instruction each school day or
- participating in an alternative attendance accounting program.

For example, the count of *Total Students* excludes students who attend a non-public school but receive some services, such as speech therapy—for less than two hours per day—from their local school district.

Total Students: The total number of public school students who were reported at any grade from early childhood education through grade 12. *(Data source: PEIMS 40110)*

Students by Grade: The count of students in each grade divided by the total number of students. *(Data source: PEIMS 40110)*

Ethnic Distribution: The number and percentage of students who are identified as belonging to one of the following groups: African American, Hispanic, white, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, and two or more races. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100, 30040, 30050, 30090)*

Male/Female: The number and percentage of students who are identified as male or female. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Economically Disadvantaged: The count and percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance.

number of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or other public assistance

total number of students

(Data source: PEIMS 40100)

Non-Educationally Disadvantaged: Those students not eligible to participate in free or reduced-price lunch or to receive any other public assistance. This is the complementary count and percentage to Economically Disadvantaged.

Section 504 Students: The count and percentage of students identified as receiving section 504 services. *(Data source: PEIMS 40110)*

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Emergent Bilingual Students (EB)/English Learner (EL): The count and percentage of students whose primary language is other than English and who are in the process of acquiring English. The terms “English Learner” (EL) and “Emergent Bilingual” (EB) are used interchangeably.

The percentage of EB students/ELs is calculated by dividing the number of EB students/ELs by the total number of students in the district or campus. Not all students identified as EB/ELs receive bilingual or English as a second language instruction. *(Data source: TELPAS file)*

Students with Disciplinary Placements: The count and percentage of students placed in alternative education programs under [Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code](#) (Discipline; Law and Order). Districts report the disciplinary actions taken toward students who are removed from the classroom for at least one day. Although students can have multiple removals throughout the year, this measure counts students only once and includes only those whose removal results in a placement in a disciplinary alternative education program or juvenile justice alternative education program. It is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students with one or more disciplinary placements}}{\text{number of students who were in attendance at any time during the school year}}$$

For 2022–23, the following 19 disciplinary action codes are included as disciplinary placements: 02, 03, 04, 07, 08, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 59, 60, and 61. *(Data source: PEIMS 44425)*

Students with Dyslexia: The count and percentage of students identified with dyslexia. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Foster Care: The count and percentage of students identified as in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS). *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Homeless: The count and percentage of students meeting the criteria defined by 42 U.S.C. Section 11434(a), the term “homeless children and youths” —

(A) individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence [within the meaning of section 11302(a)(1)]; and

(B) includes —

(i) children and youths who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters;

(ii) children and youths who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings [within the meaning of section 11302(a)(2) (C)];

(iii) children and youths who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and

(iv) migratory children (as such term is defined in section 6399 of title 20) who qualify as homeless for the purposes of this subtitle because the children are living in circumstances described in clauses (i) through (iii). *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

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Immigrant: The count and percentage of students identified under the definition found under Title III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), where the term ‘immigrant children and youth’ is defined as, “individuals who are aged 3 through 21; were not born in any state; and have not been attending one or more schools in any one or more states for more than 3 full academic years.” The term ‘State’ means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Migrant: The count and percentage of students that meet the following criteria: Student is (ages 3-21), or the student's parent, spouse, or guardian is a migratory agricultural worker, including a migratory dairy worker, or a migratory fisher, and who, in the preceding 36 months, in order to obtain, or accompany such parent, spouse, or guardian in order to obtain, temporary or seasonal employment in agricultural or fishing work: 1) has moved from one school district to another; or 2) resides in a school district of more than 15,000 square miles, and migrates a distance of 20 miles or more to a temporary residence to engage in a fishing activity. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

Title I: The count and percentage of students participating in a program authorized under Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), Title I, Part A of the Improving America's Schools Act. *(Data source: PEIMS 41461)*

Military Connected: The count and percentage of students who are dependents of an active duty or former member of the United States military, the Texas National Guard, or a reserve force of the United States military, or who are dependents of a member of the United States military, the Texas National Guard, or a reserve force of the United States military who was killed in the line of duty. *(Data source: PEIMS 40100)*

At-Risk: The count and percentage of students identified as being at risk of dropping out of school as defined by [TEC §29.081\(d\) and \(d-1\)](#).

number of students in the 2022–23 school year considered as at risk

total number of students

(Data source: PEIMS 40110)

Student by Instructional Program: The count and percentage of students served in programs and/or courses for special education, career and technical education, career and technical education (grades 9–12 only), bilingual/ESL education, or gifted and talented education. The percentages do not total to 100 because students may participate in more than one of these programs. *(Data source: TSDS PEIMS 40110, 41163 and 41169)*

Students with Disabilities by Type of Primary Disability: The count of students disaggregated by primary disability. The TAPR and Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) uses five categories of primary disability: Students with Intellectual Disabilities, Students with Physical Disabilities, Students with Autism, Students with Behavioral Disabilities, and Students with Non-Categorical Early Childhood. Additional information is provided below.

Students with Intellectual Disabilities (PEIMS disability codes 06, 08, 12, 13)

- 06—Intellectual Disability (ID)

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- 08—Learning Disability (LD)
- 12—Developmental Delay (DD)
- 13—Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)

Students with Physical Disabilities (PEIMS disability codes 01, 03, 04, 05, 09)

- 01—Orthopedic Impairment (OI)
- 03—Auditory Impairment (AI)
- 04—Visual Impairment (VI)
- 05—Deaf-Blind (DB)
- 09—Speech Impairment

Students with Autism (PEIMS disability code 10)

- 10—Autism (AU)

Students with Behavioral Disabilities (PEIMS disability codes 02 and 07)

- 02—Other Health Impairment (OHI)
- 07—Emotional Disturbance (ED)

Students with Noncategorical Early Childhood (PEIMS disability code 14)

- 14—Noncategorical Early Childhood (NCES)

(Data source: PEIMS 41163)

Mobility: The count and percentage of students who have been in membership for less than 83 percent of the school year (i.e., missed six or more weeks).

number of mobile students in 2021–22

**number of students who were in membership at any time during the
2021–22 school year**

This rate is calculated at the state, region, district, and campus level and is disaggregated by race/ethnicity, economically disadvantaged status, special education status, and emergent bilingual status. The mobility rates shown are based on the count of mobile students identified at the campus level. The district mobility rate reflects school-to-school mobility within the same district or from outside the district. The region mobility rate reflects school-to-school mobility within the same region or from outside the region. *(Data source: PEIMS 42400)*

Attrition Rate: The percentage of students enrolled in fall 2021-22 who did not return to the same campus in the fall of 2022-23. This calculation is adjusted to account for the grade levels available to students at each campus as well as additional factors. For instance, students were excluded from the calculation if the campus in which they were enrolled in 2021-22 did not offer the next grade they were expected to move into in 2022-23 or if they were at a campus in 2021-22 that was no longer active in 2022-23. Students who were retained in grade, including those in Grade 12, remained in the calculation.

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Some campuses may not receive an attrition rate because all of their students are excluded from the attrition denominator due to their subsequent grade level not being offered at that campus in 2022-23. Examples of such campuses are campuses that serve single grade levels or campuses that changed the grades offered in 2022-23. Attrition Rate is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{number of students enrolled in fall 2021} - \text{number of students who returned in fall 2022}}{\text{number of students enrolled in fall 2021}}$$

Aggregations of campus denominators and numerators are created for district, region and state levels, and rates for each of those levels are calculated from these sums.

Retention Rates by Grade: The percentage of students in Texas public schools who enrolled in fall 2022 in the same grade in which they were reported for the last six-week period of the prior school year (2021–22).

$$\frac{\text{number of students enrolled in the same grade from one school year to the next}}{\text{number of students enrolled from one school year who return the next year or who graduate}}$$

Special education retention rates are calculated and reported separately because local retention practices differ for students served by special education.

The TAPR and TPRS show retention rates only for grades K–9. Retention rates for all grades can be found in [Grade-Level Retention in Texas Public Schools, 2020–21](#), available from TEA. (Data source: PEIMS 40110)

Data Quality (not on campus profile): The percentage of errors made by the district in the PEIMS Student Leaver Data.

Percent of Underreported Students. Underreported students are 7th–12th graders who were enrolled at any time during the prior year, who are not accounted for through district records or TEA processing in the current year, and for whom the district did not submit a leaver record. A district is required to submit a leaver record for any student served in grades 7–12 the previous year unless the student received a Texas high school equivalency certificate (TxCHSE) certificate by August 31, is a previous Texas public school graduate, moved to and enrolled in another Texas public school district, or returned to the district by the end of the school start window. (For 2021–22 the end of the school-start window was September 30, 2022.)

$$\frac{\text{number of underreported students}}{\text{number of students in grades 7–12 who were served in the district in the 2021–22 school year}}$$

(Data source: Texas High School Equivalency Certificate Information File; PEIMS 40100, 40110, 42400, and 42500)

Class Size Averages by Grade and Subject: The average class size by grade (elementary) or selected subjects (secondary classes).

For secondary classes, averages are determined by totaling the number of students served (in a subject at the campus) and dividing that sum by the count of classes for that subject.

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For elementary classes, the average is determined based on the instructional model. If an elementary teacher teaches all subjects to the same group of fourth graders all day, the class size average is simply the number of fourth grade students served by that teacher. If an elementary teacher teaches a single subject to five different sections of fourth graders each day, however, the average is calculated the same way as for secondary subjects. For example, one fourth grade science teacher teaches five science classes each day with 18, 20, 19, 21, and 22 students in each class. The total of 100 students divided by the five classes produces an average class size of 20 students for that teacher.

The following rules apply to the average class sizes:

- Classes identified as serving regular, compensatory/remedial, gifted and talented, career and technical, and honors students are included in the calculation.
- English language arts (ELA), mathematics, science, social studies, languages other than English, computer science, and career and technical education are included in the calculation, as are self-contained classrooms.
- Classes where the number of students served is reported as zero are not included.
- Service codes with the “SR” prefix are not included.
- Teacher roles coded as “teacher” and/or “substitute teacher” are included.
- Only class settings coded as “regular class” are included.
- Missing partial FTE counts are not included.
- Elementary classes in which the number of students exceeds 100 are not included.
- Mixed grade-level class averages are not included.

(Data source: PEIMS 30090)

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Staff Information (2022–23)

Total Staff: The total count of staff which includes professional staff (teachers, professional support, administrators), educational aides, and (on the district profile) auxiliary staff. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Professional Staff: The full-time equivalent (FTE) count of teachers, professional support staff, campus administrators, and on the district profile, central office administrators. Staff are grouped according to roles as reported in PEIMS. Each type of professional staff is shown as a percentage of the total staff FTE. See Appendix B for all PEIMS Role IDs. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Educational Aides: The count and percentage of paraprofessional staff who are reported with a role of 033 (Educational Aide) or 036 (Certified Interpreter). The FTE counts of educational aides are expressed as a percentage of the total staff FTEs. See Appendix B for all PEIMS Role IDs. *(Data source: PEIMS 30090)*

Auxiliary Staff (not on campus profile): The count of full-time equivalent (FTE) staff reported in PEIMS employment and payroll records who are not reported in the PEIMS 30090 Staff – Responsibilities record. The auxiliary staff (and educational aide who performs routine classroom tasks under the general supervision of a certified teacher or teaching team) are expressed as a percentage of total staff. For auxiliary staff, the FTE is the value of the percentage of day worked. *(Data source: PEIMS 30060 and 30090)*

Librarians and Counselors (Headcount): The headcount of librarians and counselors is based on full-time equivalent (FTE) for full-time and part-time headcounts. Librarians and counselors are considered part-time when the FTE count is less than or equal to .85 (For example, if an FTE count is less than or equal to .85, the part-time headcount is equal to 1).

Librarians and counselors are headcounts, not sums of FTEs. The district headcount is not a sum of the campus headcount. For example, a counselor spends 50 percent of their time at the elementary (0.50 FTE) and 50 percent of their time at the high school (0.50 FTE). On each of the campus reports, this counselor will be reflected as 1.0 part-time counselor. On the district report, the counselor will be reflected as 1.0 full-time counselor since the FTE count is greater than .85 (0.50 FTE plus 0.50 FTE=1.0 FTE). See Appendix B for PEIMS Role IDs (Professional Support Staff). *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Total Minority Staff: The total count of minority staff is the sum of the FTE counts for all non-white staff groups (African American, Hispanic, American Indian, Asian, Pacific Islander, and Two or More Races). The minority staff FTE count is expressed as a percentage of the total staff FTE. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Teachers by Ethnicity and Sex: The counts of teacher FTEs by ethnic group and by sex. Counts are also expressed as a percentage of the total teacher FTEs. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Teachers by Highest Degree Held: The distribution of degrees held by teachers. The FTE counts of teachers with no degree, a bachelor's degree, a master's degree, or a doctorate are expressed as a percentage of the total teacher FTEs. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Teachers by Years of Experience: The FTE count of teachers by total years of experience for the individual, not necessarily years of experience in the district or campus. Teacher counts within each range of experience are expressed as a percentage of total teacher FTEs. Teachers are reported with zero years of experience (first year teachers), 1–5 years, 6–10 years, 11–20 years, 21–30 years, and over 30 years. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Number of Students per Teacher: The total number of students divided by the total teacher FTE count. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Experience of Campus Leadership: The average years of experience for principals and assistant principals.

Average Years as Principal: The number of completed years of experience as a principal, regardless of district or interruption in service. These amounts are added together and divided by the number of all principals reported for the campus.

Average Years as Principal with District: The number of years a principal is employed in the district regardless of any interruption in service. The amounts are added together and divided by the number of principals reported for the district.

Average Years as Assistant Principal: The number of completed years of experience as assistant principal, regardless of district or interruption of service. The amounts are added together and divided by the number of assistant principals reported for the campus.

Average Years as Assistant Principal with District: The number of years employed as assistant principal in the district regardless of any interruption in service. These amounts are added together and divided by the number of assistant principals reported for the district. *(Data source: PEIMS 30050)*

Average Years Experience of Teachers: The average number of completed years of professional experience, regardless of district. Weighted averages are calculated by multiplying each teacher's FTE coefficient (1 for a full-time teacher, .75 for a three-quarter-time teacher, and .5 for a half-time teacher, for example) by his or her years of experience. These amounts are added together and divided by the sum of all teachers' FTE coefficients. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Average Years Experience of Teachers with District: The average number of years employed in the district regardless of any interruption in service. Weighted averages are calculated by multiplying each teacher's FTE coefficient by his or her years of experience in the district. These amounts are added together and divided by the sum of all teacher's coefficients. *(Data source: PEIMS 30050)*

Average Teacher Salary by Years of Experience (regular duties only): Total pay for all teachers in each category divided by the total teacher FTE count in that category. For the purpose of this calculation, the total actual salary amount is pay for regular duties only and does not include supplemental pay. For teachers who also have non-teaching roles, only the portion of time and pay dedicated to classroom responsibilities is factored into the average teacher salary calculation. Teachers are reported with zero years of experience (first year teacher), 1–5 years, 6–10 years, 11–20 years, 21–30 years, and over 30 years. *(Data source: PEIMS 30060)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Average Actual Salaries (regular duties only): For each category, the total salary for that category divided by the total FTE count for that category. Only payment for regular duties is included in the total salary; supplemental payments for extra duties (e.g., coaching, band and orchestra assignments, club sponsorships) are not included. See Appendix B for lists of the PEIMS role IDs included in each category.

Teachers. Teachers, special duty teachers, and substitute teachers. Substitute teachers are either temporarily hired to replace a teacher or hired permanently on an as-needed basis. The District Teacher Salary Report and Graph also uses this definition in creating counts for various salary ranges.

Professional Support. Therapists, nurses, librarians, counselors, and other campus professional personnel.

Campus Administration (School Leadership). Principals, assistant principals, and other administrators reported with a specific school ID.

Central Administration (not on campus profile). Superintendents, presidents, chief executive officers, chief administrative officers, business managers, athletic directors, and other administrators reported with a central office ID and not a specific school ID.

Instructional Staff Percent (district profile only): The percentage of the district's FTEs whose job function was to provide classroom instruction directly to students during the 2021–22 school year. The instructional staff percent is a district-level measure and is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Total number of hours for district staff who were reported under expenditure object codes 6112, 6119, and 6129, and function codes 11, 12, 13, and 31}}{\text{Total number of hours worked by all district employees}}$$

Total number of hours worked by all district employees

Contact the Division of Financial Compliance at (512) 463-9095 for further details about this measure. (Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)

Turnover Rate for Teachers (not on campus profile): The percentage of teachers from the fall of 2021–22 who were not employed in the district in the fall of 2022–23. It is calculated as the total FTE count of teachers from the fall of 2021–22 who were not employed in the district in the fall of 2022–23, divided by the total teacher FTE count for the fall of 2021–22. Staff who remained employed in the district but not as teachers also count toward teacher turnover. (Data source: PEIMS 30040 and 30090)

Staff Exclusions (not on campus profile): The counts of individuals who serve public school students but are not included in the FTE totals for any of the other employee statistics. There are two types of these entries: individuals participating in a shared services arrangement and individuals on contract with the district to provide instructional services.

Shared Services Arrangement (SSA) Staff are staff who work in schools located in districts other than their employing district or whose assigned organization (in PEIMS) shows a code of 751, indicating that they are employed by the fiscal agent of an SSA. Only the portion of a person's total FTE amount associated with the school in another district (or with the 751 organization code) is counted as SSA. SSA staff are grouped into three categories: Professional Staff (which includes teachers, administrators, and professional support); Educational Aides; and Auxiliary Staff. Note that SSA Auxiliary Staff are identified by the type of fund from which they are paid.

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Contracted Instructional Staff (District and Campus Profiles) refers to counts of instructors for whom the district has entered into a contractual agreement with some outside organization. Through the contract, the outside organization has committed to supplying instructional staff for the district. They are never employees of the reporting school district. *(Data source: PEIMS 30055 and 30060)*

Contracted Instructional Staff: The count of individuals who are not regular classroom teachers who have signed a contract with a district, nor are they shared services arrangement employees. Rather, these are instructors for whom the district has entered into a contractual agreement with an outside organization. Through the contract, the outside organization has committed to supplying instructional staff for the district. They include, but are not limited to, speech therapists, occupational therapists, and any other professional contracted staff working in a classroom on a dedicated basis. *(Data source: PEIMS 30055)*

Teacher Incentive Allotment (TIA): The headcount of teachers who received incentive allotment per House Bill 3 and TEC Sec. 48.112 and average TIA payout by categories of Recognized, Exemplary and Mater for the 2022-23 school year. *(Data source: Division of District Talent Systems)*

Teachers by Program (population served): The FTE count of teachers categorized by the type of student populations served: regular, special, compensatory, bilingual/ESL, gifted and talented education students, and other populations. Teacher FTE values are allocated across population types for teachers who serve multiple population types. Percentages are expressed as a percentage of total teacher FTEs. *(Data source: PEIMS 30040, 30050, and 30090)*

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Kindergarten Readiness (2022–23)

This report includes kindergarten readiness data for students who were enrolled in public kindergarten and were assessed using one of the approved instruments on the [Commissioner's List](#). *Data are shown for the district and campus at which the student attended kindergarten.*

Readiness is based on the literacy assessment only and does not provide comprehensive information on student readiness across important developmental domains.

Assessed Students in KG: Kindergarten students enrolled in the Texas public school system as of the Fall Snapshot date (the last Friday in October of each year) who were administered, at the beginning of year (BOY) administration, an assessment on the [Commissioner's List](#). Students may take multiple assessments.

Eligible: Kindergarten students who met at least one of the public prekindergarten (PK) eligibility criteria during the kindergarten year—economically disadvantaged, emergent bilingual (EB) student/English learner (EL), homeless, is or ever has been in foster care, is the child of an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, or is the child of a member of the armed forces who was injured or killed while on active duty—not the actual eligibility as of the PK year. PK eligibility is based on a student's status as of his/her kindergarten year as there are no comprehensive data concerning PK eligibility for children who did not attend public PK.

Eligible Students Who Attended PK: Kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness and were eligible to attend public PK and did attend.

Eligible Students Who Did Not Attend PK: Kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness and were eligible to attend public PK but did not attend.

Students Who Were Not Eligible for PK: Kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness and were not eligible for public PK.

Students Ready for KG: Count of all assessed kindergarten students who met or exceeded the cut-off score for a particular assessment on the [Commissioner's List](#). Kindergarten readiness for each assessment is assessed differently across multiple assessment domains with varying benchmarks/cut-off scores of readiness. For school years 2013–14 through 2022–23, readiness is based on the reading instrument required by [Texas Education Code \(TEC\) 28.006](#) only and does not provide comprehensive information on student readiness across all developmental domains.

Students Assessed in KG: Count of all kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness.

Percent Ready: Percentage of all assessed kindergarten students who were determined to be kindergarten ready based on assessment results.

number of kindergarten ready students

all kindergarten students who were assessed for kindergarten readiness

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Prekindergarten Effectiveness (2022–23)

This report includes kindergarten readiness data for students who attended public prekindergarten the prior year for at least 80 days at the age of four (as of September 1), and were assessed in kindergarten using one of the approved instruments on the [Commissioner’s List](#). *Data are shown for the district and campus at which the student attended prekindergarten.*

Readiness is based on the literacy assessment only and does not provide comprehensive information on student readiness across important developmental domains.

All PK Attendees Assessed in KG: Kindergarten students enrolled in the Texas public school system as of the Fall Snapshot date (the last Friday in October of each year) who were administered, at the beginning of year (BOY) administration, an assessment on the [Commissioner’s List](#) and attended prekindergarten (regardless of eligibility) at the age of four for at least 80 days.

Eligible: Prekindergarten (PK) students who met at least one of the public prekindergarten eligibility criteria the year before the kindergarten year—economically disadvantaged, emergent bilingual (EB) student/English learner (EL), homeless, is or ever has been in foster care, is the child of an active duty member of the armed forces of the United States, or is the child of a member of the armed forces who was injured or killed while on active duty, is the child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award as a peace officer, firefighter, or emergency medical first responder.

Eligible PK Attendees Assessed in KG: Kindergarten students enrolled in the Texas public school system as of the Fall Snapshot date (the last Friday in October of each year) who were administered, at the beginning of year (BOY) administration, an assessment on [Commissioner’s List](#), were eligible to attend public prekindergarten, and did attend.

Students Ready for KG: Count of assessed kindergarten students who attended prekindergarten and met or exceeded the cut-off score for a particular assessment on the [Commissioner’s List](#). Kindergarten readiness for each assessment is assessed differently across multiple assessment domains with varying benchmarks/cut-off scores of readiness. For school years 2013–14 through 2022–23, readiness is based on the reading instrument required by [TEC 28.006](#) only and does not provide comprehensive information on student readiness across all developmental domains.

Students Assessed in KG: Count of prekindergarten attendees who were assessed for kindergarten readiness.

Percent Ready: Percentage of assessed kindergarten students who attended prekindergarten and were determined to be kindergarten ready based on assessment results.

$$\frac{\text{number of kindergarten ready students}}{\text{all kindergarten students who attended prekindergarten and were assessed for kindergarten readiness}}$$

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Appendix A Advanced Academic Courses

- All courses shown were for the 2020–21 school year.
- An “A” prefix indicates a College Board Advanced Placement course.
- An “I” prefix indicates an International Baccalaureate course.
- Dual credit courses are not specifically shown on this list.

English Language Arts	
I3220500	IB LNG A: LANG & LIT STD LEVEL
I3220600	IB LNG A: LANG & LIT HIGH LEVEL
I3220700	IB LNG A: LITERATURE STD LEVEL
I3220800	IB LNG A: LITERATURE HIGH LEVEL
I3220900	IB LITERATURE & PERF STD LEVEL
I3366020	IB PHILOSOPHY HIGHER LEVEL
O3221100	RESEARCH/TECHNICAL WRITING
O3221200	CREATIVE WRITING
O3221500	LITERARY GENRES (LIT GENR)
O3221600	HUMANITIES (FIRST TIME TAKEN)
O3221800	INDEP STUDY/ENGLISH (1ST TIME)
O3231000	INDEP STUDY/JOURNALISM (1ST)
O3231902	ADV BROADCAST JOURNALISM III
O3240400	ORAL INTERPRETATION III
O3240800	DEBATE III (DEBATE 3)
O3241100	PUBLIC SPEAKING III (PUBSPKG3)
O3241200	INDEP STUDY/SPEECH (1ST TIME)
A3220100	AP ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMP
A3220200	AP ENGLISH LITERATURE AND COMP

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Mathematics	
A3580110	AP COMPUTER SCIENCE A - MATH
A3580120	AP COMPUTER SCIENCE A - LOTE
I3580310	IB COMP SCI A - HIGHR LVL MATH
I3580320	IB COMP SCI A - HIGHR LVL LOTE
03101100	PRECALCULUS (PRE CALC)
03102500	INDEP STUDY IN MATH (1ST TIME)
03102501	INDEP STUDY IN MATH (2ND TIME)
03580370	DISCRETE MATH FOR COMP SCIENCE
03580395	ROBOTICS PROGRAMMING & DESIGN
12701410	APPLIED MATH FOR TECH PROFNALS
13001000	MATH APPL IN AG/FOOD/& NAT RES
13016700	ACCOUNTING II
13016900	STAT & BUSINESS DECISION MAKING
13018000	FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS
13020970	MATH FOR MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS
13032950	MANU ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY II
13036700	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS
13037050	ROBOTICS II
13037600	DIGITAL ELECTRONICS
A3100101	AP CALCULUS AB
A3100102	AP CALCULUS BC
A3100200	AP STATISTICS (APSTATS)
I3100100	IB MATHEMATICAL STUDIES STAN.
I3100200	IB MATHEMATICS STANDARD LEVEL
I3100300	IB MATHEMATICS HIGHER LEVEL
I3100400	IB FURTHER MTHEMATICS HIGH LVL
I3100500	IB MATH ANALYS & APRCH STD LVL
I3100600	IB MATH ANALYS & APRCH HGH LVL
I3100700	IB MATH APS & INTERPT STD LVL
I3100800	IB MATH APPS & INTERPT HGH LVL

Technology Applications	
03580200	COMPUTER SCIENCE I
03580300	COMPUTER SCIENCE II (TACS2)
A3580300	AP COMPUTER SCIENCE PRINCIPLES
I3580200	IB COMPUTER SCIENCE STD LEVEL
I3580400	IB INFO TECH-GLOBL SOC STD LVL
I3580500	IB INFO TECH-GLOBL SOC HIGH LVL

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Fine Arts	
03150400	MUSIC IV, BAND IV
03150800	MUSIC IV, ORCHESTRA IV
03151200	MUSIC IV, CHOIR IV
03151600	MUSIC IV, JAZZ ENSEMBLE IV
03152000	MUSIC IV, INSTRUMENTL ENSEM IV
03152400	MUSIC IV, VOCAL ENSEMBLE IV
03250400	THEATRE IV, THEATRE ARTS IV
03251000	THEATRE IV, THEATRE PROD IV
03251200	TECHNICAL THEATRE IV (TH4TECH)
03502300	ART IV, DRAWING III
03502400	ART IV, PAINTING III
03502500	ART IV, PRINTMAKING III
03502600	ART IV, FIBERS III
03502700	ART IV, CERAMICS III
03502800	ART IV, SCULPTURE III
03502900	ART IV, JEWELRY III
03503100	ART IV, PHOTOGRAPHY III
03830400	DANCE IV, PRINCIPLS OF DNCE IV
A3150200	AP MUSIC THEORY
A3500100	AP ART HISTORY
A3500300	AP STUDIO ART: DRAWING PORTFOLIO
A3500400	AP STUDIO ART:2-DIM DSGN PORTF
A3500500	AP STUDIO ART:3-DIM DSGN PORTF
I3250200	MUSIC STUDIES, IB MUSIC SL
I3250300	MUSIC STUDIES, IB MUSIC HL
I3600100	ART, IB VISUAL ARTS HL
I3600200	ART, IB VISUAL ARTS SL
I3750200	THEATRE, IB THEATRE SL
I3750300	THEATRE, IB THEATRE HL
I3830100	DANCE, LEVEL III, IB DANCE I
I3830200	DANCE, LEVEL IV, IB DANCE II
I3830300	IB FILM STANDARD LEVEL
I3830400	IB FILM HIGHER LEVEL

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Science	
I3060001	IB SPRTS EXERS&HLTH SCI ST LVL
I3060002	IB SPRTS EXERS&HLTH SCI HGH LV
13000700	ADVANCED ANIMAL SCIENCE
13002100	ADV PLANT & SOIL SCIENCE
13020600	ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY
13020700	MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY
13020800	PATHOPHYSIOLOGY
13023000	FOOD SCIENCE
13029500	FORENSIC SCIENCE
13036400	BIOTECHNOLOGY I
13036450	BIOTECHNOLOGY II
13037100	PRINCIPLES OF TECHNOLOGY
13037200	SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & DESIGN
13037210	SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH & DESGN II
13037220	SCIEN RESEARCH & DESIGN III
13037300	ENG DESIGN & PROB SOLVING
13037500	ENGINEERING SCIENCE
A3010200	AP BIOLOGY
A3020000	AP ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
A3040000	AP CHEMISTRY
A3050003	AP PHYSICS 1: ALGEBRA BASED
A3050004	AP PHYSICS 2: ALGEBRA BASED
A3050005	AP PHYSICS C: ELECTR&MAGNETISM
A3050006	AP PHYSICS C: MECHANICS
I3010201	IB BIOLOGY STANDARD LEVEL
I3010202	IB BIOLOGY HIGHER LEVEL
I3020000	IB ENVIRN SYS & SOC STND LEVEL
I3030001	IB DESIGN TECHNOLOGY STD LEVEL
I3030002	IB DESIGN TECHNOLOGY HIGHR LVL
I3040002	IB CHEMISTRY STANDARD LEVEL
I3040003	IB CHEMISTRY HIGHER LEVEL
I3050002	IB PHYSICS STANDARD LEVEL
I3050003	IB PHYSICS HIGHER LEVEL

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Social Studies/History	
A3220300	AP INTERNATIONAL ENGL LANGUAGE
I3302300	IB SOC & CULTRL ANTHRO STD LVL
I3302400	IB SOC & CULTRL ANTHRO HGH LVL
I3302500	IB GLOBAL POLITICS STAND LEVEL
I3302600	IB GLOBAL POLITICS HIGHER LVL
N1290325	IB BUSINESS & MGT STANDARD LVL
N1290326	IB BUSINESS & MGT HIGHER LEVEL
03310301	ECONOMICS ADV STUDIES (1ST)
03380001	SOCIAL STD ADV STDYS (1ST TME)
A3310100	AP MICROECONOMICS
A3310200	AP MACROECONOMICS
A3330100	AP U.S. GOVERNMENT & POLITICS
A3330200	AP COMPARATIVE GOVT & POLITICS
A3340100	AP UNITED STATES HISTORY
A3340200	AP EUROPEAN HISTORY
A3350100	AP PSYCHOLOGY
A3360100	AP HUMAN GEOGRAPHY (WRLD GEOG)
A3360200	AP HUMAN GEOGRAPHY (ELECTIVE)
A3370100	AP WORLD HISTORY
I3301100	IB HISTORY STANDARD LEVEL
I3301200	IB HIST AFRICA&MIDEAST HGHR LV
I3301300	IB HIST OF AMERICAS HIGHER LVL
I3301400	IB HIST ASIA&OCEANIA HIGHR LVL
I3301500	IB HIST OF EUROPE HIGHER LEVEL
I3302100	IB GEOGRAPHY STANDARD LEVEL
I3302200	IB GEOGRAPHY HIGHER LEVEL
I3303100	IB ECONOMICS STANDARD LEVEL
I3303200	IB ECONOMICS HIGHER LEVEL
I3304100	IB PSYCHOLOGY STANDARD LEVEL
I3304200	IB PSYCHOLOGY HIGHER LEVEL
I3366010	IB PHILOSOPHY STANDARD LEVEL

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Foreign Language	
13110300	IB LANGUAGE AB INITIO STD LEVL
03110400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - ARABIC
03110500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - ARABIC
03110600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - ARABIC
03110700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-ARABIC
03110910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, ARABIC
03110920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, ARABIC
03110930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, ARABIC
03120400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - JAPANESE
03120500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V-JAPANESE
03120600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - JAPANESE
03120700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-JAPANESE
03120910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TME, JAPANESE
03120920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TME, JAPANESE
03120930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TME, JAPANESE
03400400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - ITALIAN
03400500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - ITALIAN
03400600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - ITALIAN
03400700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-ITALIAN
03400910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, ITALIAN
03400920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, ITALIAN
03400930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, ITALIAN
03410400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - FRENCH
03410500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - FRENCH
03410600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - FRENCH
03410700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII - FRENCH
03410910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, FRENCH
03410920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, FRENCH
03410930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, FRENCH
03420400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - GERMAN
03420500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - GERMAN
03420600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - GERMAN
03420700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII - GERMAN
03420910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, GERMAN
03420920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, GERMAN
03420930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, GERMAN
03430400	LOTE CLASSIC LNG, LVL IV LATIN
03430500	LOTE CLASSIC LNG, LVL V LATIN
03430600	LOTE CLASSIC LNG, LVL VI LATIN
03430700	LOTE CLASSIC LNG LVL VII LATIN
03440400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - SPANISH
03440440	SPANISH FOR SPAN SPEAKERS LVL4
03440500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - SPANISH

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Foreign Language (continued)	
03440600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - SPANISH
03440700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII - SPANISH
03440910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, SPANISH
03440920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, SPANISH
03440930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, SPANISH
03450400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - RUSSIAN
03450500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - RUSSIAN
03450600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - RUSSIAN
03450700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-RUSSIAN
03450910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, RUSSIAN
03450920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, RUSSIAN
03450930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, RUSSIAN
03470400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV PORTUGUESE
03470500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V PORTUGUESE
03470600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI PORTUGUESE
03470700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-PORTUGUES
03470910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, PORTUGE
03470920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, PORTUGE
03470930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, PORTUGE
03490400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - CHINESE
03490500	LANG O/T ENGLISH V - CHINESE
03490600	LANG O/T ENGLISH VI - CHINESE
03490700	LANG O/T ENGLISH VII-CHINESE
03490910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, CHINESE
03490920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, CHINESE
03490930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, CHINESE
03510400	LNG OTH THN ENG LVL IV VIETNAM
03510500	LNG OTH THN ENG LVL V VIETNAM
03510600	LNG OTH THN ENG LVL VI VIETNAM
03510700	LNG OTH THN EN LVL VII VIETNAM
03510910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, VIETNAM
03510920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, VIETNAM
03510930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, VIETNAM
03520400	LANG OTHR THN ENG LVL IV HINDI
03520500	LANG OTHR THAN ENG LVL V HINDI
03520600	LANG OTHR THN ENG LVL VI HINDI
03520700	LANG OTH THN ENG LVL VII HINDI
03520910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, HINDI
03520920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, HINDI
03520930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, HINDI
03530910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, URDU
03530920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, URDU
03530930	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, URDU

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Foreign Language (continued)	
03980400	LANG O/T ENGLISH IV - ASL
03996000	OTHER FOREIGN LANGUAGES IV
03996100	OTHER FOREIGN LANGUAGES V
03996200	OTHER FOREIGN LANGUAGES VI
03996300	OTHER FOREIGN LANGUAGES VII
11401910	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, TURKISH
11401920	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, TURKISH
11401930	SEM LOT, ADV 3TD TIME, TURKISH
11403610	SEM LOT, ADV 1ST TIME, KOREAN
11403620	SEM LOT, ADV 2ND TIME, KOREAN
11403630	SEM LOT, ADV 3RD TIME, KOREAN
A3120400	AP LANG & CULTURE - JAPANESE
A3400400	AP LANG & CULTURE - ITALIAN
A3410100	AP LANGUAGE & CULTURE - FRENCH
A3420100	AP LANGUAGE & CULTURE - GERMAN
A3430100	AP LATIN
A3440100	AP LANG & CULTURE - SPANISH
A3440200	AP LITER & CULTURE - SPANISH
A3490400	AP LANGUAGE & CULTURE - CHINESE
I3110400	IB LNG B MODRN LANG SL- ARABIC
I3110500	IB LNG B MODRN LANG HL- ARABIC
I3120400	IB LNG B MODRN LNG SL-JAPANESE
I3120500	IB LNG B MODRN LNG HL-JAPANESE
I3410400	IB LNG B MODERN LANG SL-FRENCH
I3410500	IB LNG B MODERN LANG HL-FRENCH
I3420400	IB LNG B MODERN LANG SL-GERMAN
I3420500	IB LNG B MODERN LANG HL-GERMAN
I3430400	IB LNG B CLASSIC LANG SL-LATIN
I3430500	IB LNG B CLASSIC LANG HL-LATIN
I3440400	IB LNG B MODRN LANG SL-SPANISH
I3440500	IB LNG B MODRN LANG HL-SPANISH
I3450400	IB LNG B MODRN LANG SL-RUSSIAN
I3450500	IB LNG B MODRN LANG HL-RUSSIAN
I3480400	IB LNG B MODERN LANG SL-HEBREW
I3480500	IB LNG B MODERN LANG HL-HEBREW
I3490400	IB LNG B MODRN LANG SL-CHINESE
I3490500	IB LNG B MODRN LANG HL-CHINESE
I3520400	IB LANG B MODERN LANG SL-HINDI
I3520500	IB LANG B MODERN LANG HL-HINDI
I3996000	IB LANG B, MODRN LANG SL OTHER
I3996100	IB LANG B, MODRN LANG HL OTHER
03430910	CLS LNG SEM, ADV 1ST TME LATIN
03430920	CLS LNG SEM, ADV 2ND TME LATIN

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Foreign Language (continued)	
03430930	CLS LNG SEM, ADV 3RD TME LATIN
03530400	LOE, LEVEL IV - URDU
03530500	LOE, LEVEL V - URDU
03530600	LOE, LEVEL VI - URDU
03530700	LOE, LEVEL VII - URDU
03980910	AMER SIGN LNG ADV STD 1ST TIME
03980920	AMER SIGN LNG ADV STD 2ND TIME
03980930	AMER SIGN LNG ADV STD 3RD TIME
11401400	LANG OTH ENG/LVLIV/TURK
11401500	LANG OTH ENG/LVLV/TURK
11401600	LANG OTH ENG/LVLVI/TURK
11401700	LANG OTH ENG/LVLVII/TURK
11403200	LANG OTH ENG/LVLIV/KOR
11403300	LANG OTH ENG/LVLV/KOR
11403400	LANG OTH ENG/LVLVI/KOR
11403500	LANG OTH ENG/LVLVII/KOR
03380021	SOCIAL STD ADV STDYS (2ND TME)

Career and Technical Education	
N1100014	AP RESEARCH
N1130026	AP SEMINAR

Other	
N1290322	IB THEORY OF KNOWLEDGE
I3305100	IB WORLD RELIGIONS STANDARD LVL
N1290317	GIFD & TAL IND STUD MENTOR III
N1290318	GIFD & TAL IND STUD MENTOR IV

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

Appendix B PEIMS Role Identifications

(In Alphabetical Order by Label)

CENTRAL ADMINISTRATORS

004.....	Assistant/Associate/Deputy Superintendent
027.....	Superintendent/CAO/CEO/President
061.....	Asst/Assoc/Deputy Exec Director
062.....	Component/Department Director
063.....	Coordinator/Manager/Supervisor

CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS

003.....	Assistant Principal
020.....	Principal

EITHER CENTRAL OR CAMPUS ADMINISTRATORS*

012.....	Instructional Officer
028.....	Teacher Supervisor
040.....	Athletic Director
043.....	Business Manager
044.....	Tax Assessor and/or Collector
045.....	Director - Personnel/Human Resources
055.....	Registrar
060.....	Executive Director

PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT STAFF

002.....	Art Therapist
005.....	Psychological Associate
006.....	Audiologist
007.....	Corrective Therapist
008.....	Counselor
011.....	Educational Diagnostician
013.....	Librarian
015.....	Music Therapist
016.....	Occupational Therapist
017.....	Certified Orientation & Mobility Specialist
018.....	Physical Therapist
019.....	Physician
021.....	Recreational Therapist
022.....	School Nurse
023.....	LSSP/Psychologist
024.....	Social Worker
026.....	Speech Therapist/Speech-Lang Pathologist
030.....	Visiting Teacher/Truant Officer
032.....	Work-Based Learning Site Coordinator
041.....	Teacher Facilitator
042.....	Teacher Appraiser
054.....	Department Head
056.....	Athletic Trainer
058.....	Other Campus Professional Personnel
064.....	Specialist/Consultant

Comprehensive Texas Performance Reporting System (TPRS) Glossary

065.....	Field Service Agent
079.....	Other ESC Professional Personnel
080.....	Other Non-Campus Professional Personnel
100.....	Instructional Materials Coordinator
101.....	Legal Services
102.....	Communications Professional
103.....	Research/Evaluation Professional
104.....	Internal Auditor
105.....	Security
106.....	District/Campus Information Technology Professional
107.....	Food Service Professional
108.....	Transportation
109.....	Athletics
110.....	Custodial
111.....	Maintenance
112.....	Business Services Professional
113.....	Other District Exempt Professional Auxiliary
114.....	Other Campus Exempt Professional Auxiliary
115.....	Psychiatric Nurse
116.....	Licensed Clinical Social Worker
117.....	Licensed Professional Counselor
118.....	Licensed Marriage & Family Therapist

TEACHERS

087.....	Teacher
047.....	Substitute Teacher

EDUCATIONAL AIDES

033.....	Educational Aide
036.....	Certified Interpreter

AUXILIARY STAFF

Employment record, but no responsibility records.

* Administrators reported with these roles are categorized as central office or campus, depending on the organization ID reported for them.