

Appendix H—Data Sources

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This appendix provides data sources for the indicators used in the accountability system. The primary sources for all data used in the accountability system are the Texas Student Data System Public Education Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS), the testing contractors and organizations, and the Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency (TxCHSE) database. See *Ensuring Data Integrity* in Chapter 1 of the 2024 Accountability Manual for more information on accurate data in accountability ratings.

The following tables describe the primary data sources in detail. The terms provided in these tables are referenced within the indicator descriptions.

1. Data Sources Used in Accountability

Organization Name	Description
ACT, Inc.	ACT, Inc. annually provides the agency with ACT examination results of students from Texas public schools. If a student takes an ACT examination more than once, the agency will use the best score, by subject, from any prior examination, for accountability calculations. For 2024 accountability, the ACT data as of the July 2023 administration are used.
College Board	The College Board annually provides the agency with SAT examination results of students from Texas public schools. If a student takes an SAT examination more than once, the agency will use the best score, by subject, from any prior examination, for accountability calculations. For 2024 accountability, the SAT data as of the June 2023 administration are used. In addition, the College Board provides the agency with the Advanced Placement (AP) examination results of Texas public school students each year. The AP data as of the August 2023 administration are used.
Cambium Assessment, Inc. (CAI)	CAI is TEA’s testing contractor for STAAR grades 3–8 and EOC assessments, STAAR Alternate 2, Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS), and TELPAS Alternate. CAI produces the consolidated accountability file (CAF) used to assign accountability ratings and award distinction designations. The CAF contains student demographic and program information in addition to all performance results.
International Baccalaureate (IB)	International Baccalaureate provides the agency with IB examination results of Texas public school students each year. For 2024 accountability, the IB data as of the May 2023 administration* are used.
Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB)	The College Board provides the THECB with Texas Success Initiative assessment (TSIA) results of all students in Texas. For 2024 accountability, the TSIA data are matched to 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12 th graders from TSDS PEIMS. The TSIA data through October 2023 are used in creating college, career, and military readiness indicators. Level I and Level II certificates data are also provided to the agency by the THECB and for 2024 accountability, the Level I/II data through August 2023 are used in college, career, and military readiness components.

1. Data Sources Used in Accountability (continued)

Organization Name	Description
TEA Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency (TxCHSE) Database	A permanent TEA database contains high school equivalency test scores and certificates from 1942 to present. The GED test was the only high school equivalency test in Texas until HiSET (from Educational Testing Service) and TASC (from Data Recognition Corporation [CTB]) testing began in 2017. Unlike the information in most TEA data files which is reported annually, high school equivalency test scores are submitted electronically to TEA by the test vendors immediately after being scored. Candidates take the tests year-round in school districts, colleges, universities, education service centers, correctional facilities, and other TEA-approved test centers. Once a test taker has successfully passed a single test vendor’s battery of tests, TEA issues a Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency and emails it to the test taker.
OnRamps Program	The OnRamps Program at UT Austin provides OnRamps course completion data. For 2024 accountability, the OnRamps data through August 2023 are used for accountability calculations.

*For the 2022-23 school year, IB awarded grades returned to using all components, coursework, and examinations as they did pre-pandemic.

2. TSDS PEIMS Sub-Categories Used in Accountability

Sub-Category Code	Sub-Category Name	Description	Submission
40100	Student Basic Information	<p>Identification - the information necessary to identify the person. This information is Social Security number or state-approved alternative student ID and student name.</p> <p>Demographic - the characteristics of a person. This includes the sex, ethnicity, race, date of birth, and various other student characteristics.</p>	Fall/Summer
40110	Enrollment	The specific enrollment attributes of the student. This information includes the campus, grade, and special program participation for each student.	Fall/Summer
40203	Leaver	Information pertaining to prior year students who are not current year students.	Fall
42400	Basic Attendance	Information pertaining to the attendance of a student, such as the days absent and present.	Summer
42405	Special Education Attendance	Information about each student served in a special education program. For each student, for each six-week period, districts report grade-level and instructional-setting codes.	Summer
43415	Course Completion	The courses that are attempted by students in grades 1–12. The course and the course outcomes are reported.	Summer/ Extended
42500	Flexible Attendance	Information pertaining to the flexible attendance program of a student. This information is the minutes present, special education days eligible, eligible career and technical minutes present, bilingual/ESL days eligible, and pregnancy related services days eligible for students participating in the Optional Flexible School Day and the High School Equivalency Program.	Summer

2. TSDS PEIMS Sub-Categories Used in Accountability (continued)

Sub-Category Code	Sub-Category Name	Description	Submission
2505	Special Education Flexible Attendance	Information about the special education flexible attendance data for each eligible special education student enrolled in an approved Flexible Attendance Program.	Summer
8011	Student Graduation Program	A program that identifies the intent of students enrolled in the Foundation High School Program by collecting the Participant Code, Distinguished Level of Achievement Indicator Code, the Endorsement Indicator Codes, and Performance Acknowledgements.	Fall

3. Student Groups Used in Accountability

See Chapter 1: Accountability Overview for more information about the Accountability Subset Rule that is used to determine which students are included in accountability calculations.

Group	Description
Economically Disadvantaged	<p>A student may be identified as economically disadvantaged by the district in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) if entered by the deadline specified in the District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar if he or she meets one of the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meets eligibility requirements for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ free or reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Program; ○ programs under Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA); ○ food stamp benefits; or ○ Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance • Receives a Pell grant or comparable state program of need-based financial assistance • Is from a family with an annual income at or below the official federal poverty line <p>Source: TIDE* (Note: The economically disadvantaged data from the PEIMS Fall Snapshot is used to determine the campus comparison groups.)</p>

Group	Description
<p>Current and Monitored Emergent Bilingual (EB) Students/English Learners (EL)</p>	<p>A student whose primary language is other than English and who is in the process of acquiring English. Students are identified as EB students/ELs by the Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC) per criteria established in the Texas Administrative Code. Not all students identified as EB/EL receive bilingual or English as a second language instruction, although most do.</p> <p>A student is identified as a current EB student/EL if the student is reported as emergent bilingual in Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) and if entered by the deadline specified in the District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar.</p> <p>A student is identified as a monitored EB student/EL if the student is reported in Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) and entered by the deadline specified in the District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar, as having met the criteria for exiting a bilingual/ESL program and is being monitored for up to four years after exit as required by 19 Texas Administrative Code, §89.1220(k).</p> <p>If the student was administered the TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate, the value in the emergent bilingual indicator field on the CAF will be 'C'.</p> <p>Source: TIDE*</p>

3. Student Groups Used in Accountability (continued)

Group	Description
Race/Ethnicity	<p>Students are identified as one of seven racial/ethnic categories: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, or two or more races.</p> <p>Source: TIDE*: Student Achievement STAAR component, School Progress Parts A & B, Closing the Gaps: Academic Achievement component, Growth component, Progress in Achieving ELP component, and School Quality or Student Success component</p> <p>Source: PEIMS Fall Snapshot: Closing the Gaps: Federal Graduation Status</p>
Current and Former Special Education	<p>Students are identified as currently receiving special education services if they are reported as receiving special instruction and related developmental, corrective, supportive, or evaluative services for the current school year in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) and if entered by the deadline specified in the District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar. Students are identified as formerly receiving special education services if in any of the preceding three years, they were reported in TSDS PEIMS as participating in a special education program but in the current year, as reported through TSDS PEIMS or in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) and if entered by the deadline specified in the District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar, are no longer participating in a special education program.</p>
Continuously and Non-Continuously Enrolled	<p>For grades 4–12, a student is identified as continuously enrolled if the student was enrolled in the campus on the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot during the current school year and in the same district each of the three preceding years. For grade 3, a student is identified as continuously enrolled if the student was enrolled in the campus on the current year TSDS PEIMS October snapshot and in the same district each of the preceding two years.</p> <p>If the enrollment requirement is not met, then the student is considered non-continuously enrolled.</p> <p>Source: PEIMS</p>
High Focus	<p>Students are identified as high focus if they met at least one of the following criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economically disadvantaged (Source: TIDE*) • Current or Monitored Emergent Bilingual (EB) Students/English Learners (ELs) (Source: TIDE*) • Current special education (Source: TIDE) • Highly Mobile <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Homeless (Source: PEIMS, code of 2, 3, 4, or 5) ○ Foster (Source: PEIMS, code of 1) ○ Migrant (TIDE*)

*For Student Groups sourced from TIDE: In 2024 accountability, if TIDE demographic data contains empty (null) values on March 11, 2024, existing PEIMS data will replace the null values for students already registered in TIDE. This does not apply to Current and Former Special Education.

4. Opportunities for Data Correction

See Chapter 1: *Ensuring Data Integrity* of the 2024 Accountability Manual for more information on accurate data in accountability ratings.

4.1 TSDS PEIMS

General Data. The TSDS PEIMS data collection has a prescribed process and set calendar for correcting errors or omissions discovered after the original submission. *The accuracy of all accountability reports is dependent on the accuracy of the information submitted by districts through TSDS PEIMS.* Districts are responsible for the accuracy of all their TSDS PEIMS data. Several mechanisms are in place to facilitate the collection of accurate data. First, all submitted data must pass an editor program before being accepted. In addition, districts can access various summary reports through the TSDS PEIMS application to assist them in verifying the accuracy of their data prior to submission deadlines. For each submission, a resubmission window allows districts an opportunity to resubmit information if an error is detected. Data submitted to the Working File are not used in accountability calculations. See the *Texas Education Data Standards* at http://www.texasstudentdatasystem.org/TSDS/TEDS/TEDS_Latest_Release/ for more details about the correction windows and submission deadlines.

See Chapter 1: Accountability Subset Rule of the 2024 Accountability Manual for more information on TSDS PEIMS October Snapshot in determining students in the accountability subset.

See Chapter 3: Part B: Relative Performance of the 2024 Accountability Manual for more information on the percentage of economically disadvantaged students on a campus based on TSDS PEIMS October snapshot.

Unique ID System Updates (UID). Student identification changes have profound ramifications throughout the Texas public education data system. Year-to-year and collection-to-collection matching are dependent upon stable identification records. Texas Education Data Standards should be followed to ensure that identification updates submitted by districts are processed properly. For more information, please see the edit process for student identification online at http://www.texasstudentdatasystem.org/TSDS/News_and_FAQs/FAQs/UID_PID_andPET/.

4.2 Assessment Data

State Assessments. Student identification, demographic data, and scoring status information as entered in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE) by the deadlines specified in the [District and Campus Coordinator Assessment Calendar](#), are used to determine the student groups for campus accountability. Districts have several opportunities to provide accurate information through TSDS PEIMS submissions, student registration uploads provided to the testing contractor, and updates in the Test Information Distribution Engine (TIDE). After the testing dates, districts have a corrections window during which they can provide corrections to the testing contractor and request corrected reports. Only corrections submitted by districts in TIDE by the designated deadline to the *Test Taken Information* field during the correction window are reflected in the consolidated accountability file (CAF) used for determining accountability calculations and subsequent reports (e.g., TAPR, School Report Cards, etc.). Please refer to the [TIDE User Guide](#) for more information about the testing and correction windows.

SAT, ACT, AP, and IB. The student taking the SAT, ACT, AP, or IB assessment identifies the campus to which scores are attributed. Districts are responsible for verifying that the campus identified by the student is accurate as well as all other relevant information included on the campus summary for these assessments immediately upon receipt from the testing companies. This can include the students' name, date of birth, grade, and anticipated graduation year, if relevant. Discrepancies should be immediately reported to the testing companies, not to TEA. Once the testing companies have finalized results, and provided those results to TEA, subsequent corrections—corrections made outside a testing company's correction window—will not be made by the testing companies, nor TEA, and will not be reflected in any national, state, district, or campus results released. Additionally, districts will be provided with the 2024 CCMR Verifier for 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders in June 2024 and given an opportunity to report any non-PEIMS discrepancies to the agency.

TSIA. The College Board provides the THECB with TSIA1 and TSIA2 results of all Texas students. The TSIA results through October 2023 received from THECB are matched to 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders from TSDS PEIMS. The results are matched to students using an algorithm which includes TSDS Unique ID, SSN, local ID, and a combination of first name, middle name, last name, and DOB. Then the results are attributed to the districts and campuses at which the students are identified as annual graduates or non-graduating 12th graders in TSDS PEIMS. Additionally, districts will be provided with the 2024 CCMR Verifier for 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders in June 2024 and given an opportunity to report any non-PEIMS discrepancies to the agency.

5. Exclusions Based on Student Attribution Codes

Students who have been ordered by a juvenile court into a residential program or students in a residential facility are excluded from state accountability performance indicators. These exclusions are required under Texas Education Code (TEC) §39.055 and based on specific student attribution codes that are submitted by districts in the fall TSDS PEIMS submission.

Students with the following attribution codes are excluded from each of the indicators used to calculate domain scores. See “Appendix G—Inclusion or Exclusion of Performance Data” for the specific attribution codes used for each indicator.

Student Attribution Codes	
Code	Description
21	Residential treatment facility—By court order, not regularly assigned to the district
22	Residential treatment facility—By court order, regularly assigned to the district
23	Residential treatment facility—Not by court order, not regularly assigned to the district
24	Residential treatment facility—Not by court order, regularly assigned to the district
25	Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility—By court order, not regularly assigned to the district
26	Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility—By court order, regularly assigned to the district
27	Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility—Not by court order, not regularly assigned to the district
28	Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility—Not by court order, regularly assigned to the district

6. Data Used in Accountability Calculations

The following outline provides the domains, components, and indicators used in 2024 accountability calculations and locations within this appendix.

- I. **Student Achievement Domain**
 - a. STAAR Component (6.1)
 - b. College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR) Component (6.2.1 – 6.2.2)
 - i. Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria Graduates (6.3)
 - c. Graduation Rate Component (6.4)
- II. **School Progress Domain**
 - a. Part A: Academic Growth (6.5.A)
 - b. Part B: Relative Performance (6.5.B.1)
 - i. STAAR Component (6.1)
 - ii. CCMR Component (6.2.1)
 - iii. Economically Disadvantaged Percentage (6.6)
 - c. EOC retests results for AEA campuses only (6.5.B.2)
- III. **Closing the Gaps Domain**
 - a. Academic Achievement Component
 - i. Reading/Language Arts (RLA): STAAR Results at Meets Grade Level or Above Standard (6.7)
 - ii. Mathematics: STAAR Results at Meets Grade Level or Above Standard (6.7)
 - iii. Participation Status (6.9)
 - b. Academic Growth or Federal Graduation Status
 - i. Reading/Language Arts (RLA): Academic Growth (6.5)
 - ii. Mathematics: Academic Growth (6.5)
 - iii. Federal Graduation Rate (6.4.2)
 - c. School Quality or Student Success
 - i. Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only (6.1)
 - ii. CCMR Performance Status Component (6.2.2)
 - d. Progress in Achieving English Language Proficiency Component (6.8)

6.1. STAAR

See Chapters 1–4 of the 2024 Accountability Manual for detailed information on the methodology used to evaluate the STAAR results in each domain.

Year of Data: 2023–24

Source of Data: *Consolidated Accountability File (CAF)*. The testing contractor provides TEA, ESCs, school districts, and open-enrollment charter schools with a CAF, which contains all performance information as well as all demographic and program information for every student. Accountability calculations are based on the CAF.

Student Group Information: Depending on the domain, performance results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, economically disadvantaged, non-economically disadvantaged, students formerly served by special education, students currently served by special education, current and monitored EB students/ELs, continuously enrolled, non-continuously enrolled, highly mobile (foster care, homeless, or migrant), and high focus (economically disadvantaged, current or monitored EB/EL, current special education, or highly mobile).

Other Information:

- *Accelerated Testers.* The STAAR component of the Student Achievement domain calculation includes SAT and/or ACT results for accelerated testers. Accelerated testers are students who complete a STAAR EOC at or above the Approaches Grade Level standard in Algebra I, English II, and/or Biology prior to grade 9. Accelerated testers are also students who earned course credit for Algebra I, English II and/or Biology in Spring or Summer 2020 and were granted a COVID testing waiver prior to grade 9. For these students, their SAT and/or ACT results are used in the accountability cycle in which the student is reported as enrolled in grade 12 on the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot. Accelerated testers results are not used in School Progress: Part A. See “Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain” for additional information about the SAT/ACT inclusion methodology.
- *English Learner Performance Measure.* EB students/ELs who are in their second year in U.S. schools are included in the STAAR component using the EL performance measure. EB students/ELs who are in their second year in U.S. schools who have a parental denial for EB/EL services do not receive an EL performance measure. This measure is applied in Student Achievement, Relative Performance and EOC Retest Growth. See “Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain” for further information.
- *End-of-course (EOC) Results for Middle School Students.* If a student takes an EOC assessment and a STAAR grade 8 assessment, only the EOC assessment result is included in the accountability calculations for the campus and the district where the student tested.
- *TAKS, TAAS, TEAMS, TABS Exclusions.* STAAR results for students retaking EOC exams to meet graduation requirements who originally tested under TAKS, TAAS, TEAMS, and/or TABS are excluded from accountability calculations.
- *Foreign Exchange Students.* STAAR results for all students enrolled in the campus in a previous fall, as reported on the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot, including foreign exchange students, are included in accountability calculations. Three assessment administration periods are considered for accountability purposes. For more information, see the Accountability Subset Rule in Chapter 1 of the 2024 Accountability Manual.

Table 6.1. STAAR Component Used in Accountability

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>STAAR</p>	<p>Percentage of assessments at Approaches Grade Level or Above + Percentage of assessments at Meets Grade Level or Above + Percentage of assessments at Masters Grade Level <i>(from CAF/College Board & ACT, Inc, Accelerated Testers Listing*)</i> ---divided by--- Three</p> <p>*For accelerated testers, inclusion in the grade level standards are based on SAT/ACT score ranges listed in Chapter 2.</p>	<p>All students</p> <p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps†</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races†† ▪ Economically Disadvantaged†† • (and non-) ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL†† ▪ Current special education†† ▪ Former special education†† ▪ Continuously enrolled†† (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant • 	<p>Student Achievement</p> <p>School Progress, Part B</p> <p>Closing the Gaps †While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>†† See “Chapter 10—Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>

6.2 College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR)

See Chapters 2–4 for detailed information on the methodology for each indicator used to calculate the CCMR results in each domain.

Sources and Years of Data:

TSDS PEIMS Data Used for CCMR Indicators	TSDS PEIMS Data Source	TSDS PEIMS PDM Report	Data for
Graduate with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness	Element ID: E0806 (code 04, 05, 54, or 55)	Fall Leaver: Graduate roster by graduation type (PDM1-124-007)	during 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Graduate under an Advanced Diploma Plan and be Identified as a Current Special Education Student	Element IDs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E0806 (Grad plan) • RHSP: 19, 22, 25, 28, or 31 • DAP: 20, 23, 26, 29, or 32 • FHSP: 34, 35, 54, 55, 56, or 57 • Texas-First: 40 FHSP Endorsement Element IDs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E1542 • E1544 • E1545 • E1546 • E1547 • E1548 SpEd: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regular attendance – Special Ed Mainstream: E0940, E1688, E1689 • Regular attendance – Special Ed: E0944 • Flexible attendance – Special Ed Mainstream: E1049 • Flexible attendance – Special Ed: E1051 	Fall Leaver: Graduate roster by graduation type (PDM1-124-007)	

6.2 College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR) (continued)

Sources and Years of Data:

TSDS PEIMS Data Used for CCMR Indicators	TSDS PEIMS Data Source	TSDS PEIMS PDM Report	Data for
Complete and Earn Credit for a College Prep Course	Course Completion Section <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E0724 SERVICE • ELA: Code CP110100 • Math: Code CP111200 E0948 COURSE_SEQ '0','2','5','9','D0','D2','D5','D9' CREDIT derived from E0949 PASS_FAIL_CREDIT: 01 or 08	Summer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Course Completion: Students Completing • Courses by Pass/Fail Indicator (PDM3-133-001) Extended Year <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Course Completion: Students Completing • Courses by Pass/Fail Indicator (PDM4-133-002) 	during 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Earn Dual Course Credits	Element IDs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E1011 (indicates dual credit course) • E1081 (indicates number of hours earned) CREDIT derived from E0949 PASS_FAIL_CREDIT: 01 or 08	Summer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Course completion: Counts completed by course name (PDM3-133-002) • Student: Students with dual credit courses and college credit hours (PDM3-120-008) Extended Year Student: Students with dual credit courses and college credit hours (PDM4-133-001)	
Earn an Industry-Based Certification	Element IDs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • E1640 with Code Table C214 • E1733 with Code Table C232 ('01') starting from Fall 2023 	Summer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Student advanced academic roster by grade (PDM3-120-010) Fall Student advances academic roster by grade (PDM1-120-016)	
Earn an Associate Degree	Element ID: E1596 with Code Table C088	Fall Leaver: Graduate roster by graduation type (PDM1-124-007)	by August 31 immediately following high school graduation

Other Data Used for CCMR Indicators	Data reported for examinations taken as of
ACT college admissions test	Tests as of July 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22,

	2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
AP examination	Tests as of June 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
IB examination	Tests as of May 2023 administration* (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment	Tests from June 2013 to October 2023 administration
SAT college admissions test	Tests as of June 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
OnRamps dual enrollment course completion	Courses completed during the 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Level I and level II certificates	Certificates earned during the 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Military Readiness	Department of Defense (DoD) Form 4 Submissions from LEAs for military enlistment as of December 31, 2023.

6.2 College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR) (continued)

*For the 2022-23 school year, IB awarded grades returned to using all components, coursework, and examinations as they did pre-pandemic.

Student Group Information: Depending on the domain, performance results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, economically disadvantaged, non-economically disadvantaged, students formerly served by special education, students currently served by special education, current and monitored EB students/ELs, continuously enrolled, non-continuously enrolled, highly mobile (foster care, homeless, or migrant), and high focus (economically disadvantaged, current or monitored EB/EL, current special education, or highly mobile).

Use in 2024 Accountability: CCMR is used in calculating the Student Achievement; School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance; and Closing the Gaps domain results for high schools and K–12s.

Other Information:

- *Applicable Domains, Annual Graduates:* The CCMR component used in the Student Achievement and School Progress, Part B domains measures graduates' preparedness for college, the workforce, or the military. Annual graduates demonstrate college, career, or military readiness by meeting any one of the CCMR indicators. See "Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain" for specific criteria for each CCMR indicator.
- *Sunsetting IBC Cap:* Beginning with the 2023 accountability year, a campus may not earn CCMR credit for more than five graduates or 20% of graduates, whichever is higher, who only meet CCMR criteria via a sunseting IBC. See "Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain" for more information about this cap.
- *Phase-In for IBC's and Programs of Study:* For each IBC list, the agency publishes a crosswalk of approved IBCs and their aligned programs of study on the Career and Technical Education website at <https://tea.texas.gov/academics/college-career-and-military-prep/career-and-technical-education/industry-based-certifications>. This resource allows districts and campuses to support program development and planning by aligning IBCs to Programs of Study. House Bill 773 (2021) requires the Texas Education Agency to include Program of Study Completers as an indicator within the accountability system. To allow districts time to implement aligned programs of study, the following transition timeline provides guidance on how the alignment will be phased-in.

Year one phase-in 2024 graduates: Level 2 or higher course in a Program of Study + aligned IBC (earned)

- If a course was ever a level 2 in any Program of Study, it will be considered a level 2 in all Programs of Study (for example, Business Information Management I was previously a level 2 in Health Informatics, but a level 1 in all other Programs of Study. If any student ever took BIM I, regardless of their Program of Study, BIM I should count as a level 2 for calculating this CCMR indicator for the graduating class of 2024). *Year one phase-in is the only time level 2 will be attributed to prior years for the following courses:*
 - Professional Communications (13009900)
 - Business Information Management I (13011400)
 - Web Communications (03580810)
 - Principles of Architecture (13004210)The aforementioned four courses were a level 2 in one Program of Study but a level 1 in all other programs prior to the 2023-24SY.
- There are four level 4 courses that do not count toward this requirement: Career Preparation I, Extended Career Preparation I, Project-Based Research, and Scientific Research and Design.
- Students must have **passed** the course and **received credit** to count toward level 2+ course
- If a graduate meets the year two phase-in or the year three phase-in requirement, they will also meet the indicator for year one phase-in.

Year two phase-in 2025 graduates: Concentrators + aligned IBC (earned)

- A student must be a concentrator or completer in a Program of Study and earn an aligned IBC associated with the program.

Year three phase-in 2026 graduates: Completers + aligned IBC (earned)

- A student must be a completer in a Program of Study and earn an aligned IBC associated with the program.
- - *Alternative Education Accountability (AEA) Methodology:* For campuses under AEA methodology, the CCMR component used in the Student Achievement and School Progress, Part B domains includes in the numerator the number of graduates who accomplished at least one of the CCMR indicators plus the number of previous dropouts who accomplished at least one of the CCMR indicators. That total is then divided by the number of annual graduates in the denominator. See “Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain” for more information.
 - *Closing the Gaps Domain, Grade 12 Students:* The College, Career, and Military Readiness Performance Status component evaluated in the Closing the Gaps domain differs from the CCMR component in the Student Achievement and School Progress, Part B domains, as required by the U.S. Department of Education.
 - The denominator used in Closing the Gaps is annual graduates plus students in grade 12 who did not graduate. These grade 12 students are those who were in attendance during the sixth six weeks of school year 2022–23 as reported in TSDS PEIMS attendance records. Grade 12 students who are reported in TSDS PEIMS as IEP Continuers on the 2022–23 October snapshot and those who were not enrolled in a Texas public school in any of the preceding four years are excluded from the 2024 Closing the Gaps CCMR denominator.
 - Additionally, the cap on sunsetting IBCs is not applied to the CCMR calculation in the Closing the Gaps domain due to requirements from the U.S. Department of Education.

See Chapter 4 for further information on CCMR in Closing the Gaps domain.

Table 6.2.1. CCMR Component Used in Student Achievement and School Progress, Part B Domains

Component	Methodology <i>See the Other Information preceding this table regarding the cap on sunseting IBCs and modified AEA methodology.</i>	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR)	<p style="text-align: center;">Number of 2022–23 annual graduates who</p> <p>1) meet the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, and/or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>2) meet the criteria of 3 or higher on AP or 4 or higher on IB examinations in any subject <i>(from College Board or IB)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>3) complete and earn credit for at least three hours of dual-course credits in RLA or mathematics or at least nine hours in any subject <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>4) enlist in the U.S. Armed Forces <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>5) earn an approved industry-based certification <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 48011)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>6) earn an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>7) graduate with completed IEP and workforce readiness <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>8) complete an OnRamps dual enrollment course and qualify for at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area <i>(from OnRamps program)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>9) graduate under an advanced diploma plan and be identified as a current special education student <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>10) earn level I or level II certificate <i>(from THECB)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">---divided by---</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Number of 2022–23 annual graduates <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p>	All students	<p>Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)</p> <p>School Progress, Part B (high schools, K–12s)</p>

*Those who were not enrolled in a Texas public school in any of the preceding four years are excluded from the CCMR denominator.

Table 6.2.2. CCMR Performance Status Component Used in Closing the Gaps Domain

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/ Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>CCMR Performance Status</p>	<p align="center">Number of graduates or students in grade 12* who</p> <p>1) meet the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, and/or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>2) meet the criteria of 3 or higher on AP or 4 or higher on IB examinations in any subject <i>(from College Board or IB)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>3) complete and earn credit for three hours of dual-course credits in ELA or mathematics or nine hours in any subject <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>4) enlist in the U.S. Armed Forces <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>5) earn an approved industry-based certification <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 48011)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>6) earn an associate degree by August 31 immediately following high school graduation <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>7) graduate with completed IEP and workforce readiness <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>8) complete an OnRamps dual enrollment course and qualify for at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area <i>(from OnRamps program)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>9) graduate under an advanced diploma plan and be identified as a current special education student <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110)</i></p> <p align="center">or</p> <p>10) earn a level I or level II certificate <i>(from THECB)</i></p> <p align="center">---divided by---</p> <p align="center">Number of 2023 annual graduates plus students in grade 12 during school year 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 42400 and 40203)</i></p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps†</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races†† ▪ Economically Disadvantaged†† • (and non-) ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL†† ▪ Current special education†† ▪ Former special education†† ▪ Continuously enrolled†† (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps</p> <p>† While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>†† See “Chapter 10— Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>

*Grade 12 students reported in TSDS PEIMS as IEP Continuers on the 2022–23 October snapshot and those who were not enrolled in a Texas public school in any of the preceding 4 years are excluded from the 2024 Closing the Gaps CCMR denominator.

6.3. Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria Graduates

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Other Information:

- *TSIA.* This measure includes the performance for 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders. The results include TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessments through October 2023.
- *SAT and ACT.* This measure includes the performance for 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders. If a student takes an ACT or SAT test more than once, the best score, by subject, is used.
- *College Prep Course.* This measure includes performance for 2022–23 annual graduates and non-graduating 12th graders. Graduates must have completed and received credit for a college prep course, as defined in TEC §28.014, in ELA and/or mathematics.
- *Matching ID.* Students are included only once. The numerator consists of students matched across the multiple assessments using their unique IDs.

Table 6.3. TSI Criteria Graduates

Indicator	Methodology						Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability	
TSI Criteria Graduate	<p>Number of graduates (and non-graduating 12th graders in the Closing the Gaps domain) meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA <u>and</u> mathematics</p> <p><i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT)</i></p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of 2022–23 annual graduates (and non-graduating 12th graders in the Closing the Gaps domain)</p> <p><i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p>						<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps†</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races†† ▪ Economically Disadvantaged†† (and non-) ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL†† ▪ Current special education†† ▪ Former special education†† ▪ Continuously enrolled†† (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps †While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>†† See “Chapter 10—Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>	
	TSI Criteria								
	<u>TSIA1 and/or TSIA2</u>		<u>SAT</u>		<u>ACT</u>				<u>College Prep Course</u>
	<p>≥ ELAR criteria shown below</p>	or	<p>≥480 on the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW)</p>	Or	<p>Before Feb 15, 2023 ≥19 on English and ≥23 Composite</p> <p>After Feb 15, 2023 English + Reading Combined score ≥40</p>	or			<p>Complete and earn credit for ELA college prep course</p>
<p>≥ Mathematics criteria shown below</p>	or	<p>≥530 on Mathematics</p>	Or	<p>Before Feb 15, 2023 ≥19 on Mathematics and ≥23 Composite</p> <p>After Feb 15, 2023 Mathematics score ≥22</p>	or	<p>Complete and earn credit for mathematics college prep course</p>			

Table 6.3. TSI Criteria Graduates (continued)

Subject	Assessment Version	Score Requirements for CCMR					
Reading / Language Arts (RLA)	TSIA1	Score \geq 351 on Reading					
	TSIA2	Score \geq 945 on the ELAR College Readiness Classification (CRC)		AND		Score \geq 5 on the essay	
		OR					
		Score $<$ 945 on the ELAR CRC		AND	Score \geq 5 on the diagnostic	AND	Score \geq 5 on the essay
	Combination	Score \geq 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2		AND		Score \geq 5 on the TSIA1 essay	
		OR					
		Score $<$ 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2		AND	Score \geq 5 on the diagnostic on the TSIA2	AND	Score \geq 5 on the TSIA1 essay
Mathematics	TSIA1	Score \geq 350 on Mathematics					
	TSIA2	Score \geq 950 on the Mathematics CRC					
		OR					
		Score $<$ 950 on the Mathematics CRC		AND	Score = 6 on the diagnostic		

6.4. Graduation Rate

Years of Data: TSDS PEIMS Submission 1 leaver data from 2018–19 through 2023–24; TSDS PEIMS Submission 3 attendance data from 2017–18 through 2022–23; TSDS PEIMS Submission 1 enrollment data from 2023–24; TxCHSE records as of August 31, 2023.

Student Group Information: Depending on the domain, performance results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, high focus (economically disadvantaged, current and monitored EB students/ELs, students currently served by special education, or highly mobile), highly mobile (foster, homeless, or migrant), and ever EB students/ELs for the EB students/ELs student group in the federal graduation rates.

Use in 2024 Accountability: Graduation Rate is used in determining the Student Achievement and Closing the Gaps outcomes for high schools, K–12s.

Other Information:

- *Cohort Members.* A cohort is defined as the group of students who begin grade 9 in Texas public schools for the first time in a given school year plus students who, in the next three school years, enter the Texas public school system in the grade level expected for the cohort. Students stay with their original cohort, whether they are retained or promoted. Students are members of only one cohort.
- *Class vs. Cohort.* The denominator of the graduation rate calculation is defined as the “class.” For purposes of these rates, the class is the sum of students from the original cohort who have a final status of “graduated,” “received TxCHSE,” or “dropped out” as of August 31, 2023, or who have a final status of “continued” as of fall 2023. There are other students who are members of the original cohort but whose final status does not affect the graduation rate calculation. These are:
 - students with a final status that are not considered to be either a graduate, continuer, TxCHSE recipient, or a dropout based on specific leaver codes;
 - students whose final status could not be determined because data errors prevented records from being matched or because final status records were not submitted; and
 - students who are excluded from accountability ratings due to state statutory requirements (see Annual Dropout Rate definition).Students in the cohort but not in the class do not affect the graduation rate calculation; they are in neither the numerator nor the denominator.
- *Alternative Education Accountability (AEA) Graduation Rate.* The graduation rate calculation is modified for AEA campuses to give credit for graduates, continuing students (continuers), TxCHSE recipients, and previous dropouts who complete. See “Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain” and “Chapter 4—Closing the Gaps Domain” or further information.

Code	Leaver Reason Code
Graduated or received an out-of-state high school equivalency certificate	
01	Graduated from a campus in this district or charter
85	Graduated outside Texas before entering Texas public school, entered Texas public school, left again
86	High school equivalency certificate outside Texas
90	Graduated from another state under provisions of the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children
Moved to other educational setting	
24	College, pursue associate or bachelor's degree
60	Home schooling
66	Removed-child protective services
81	Enroll in TX private school
82	Enroll in school outside Texas
87	Enroll in university high school diploma program
Withdrawn by school district	
78	Expelled for offense under TEC §37.007, cannot return
83	Withdrawn by district because not entitled to enrollment
Left school for other reasons	
03	Died
08 ⁺	Pregnancy
16	Return to home country or emigrate to another country
20 [*]	Medical Injury
88 [*]	Court-ordered to a high school equivalency program, has not earned a Texas Certificate of High School Equivalency
89 [*]	Incarcerated in state jail or federal penitentiary as an adult
98 ⁺	Other

*School leavers with a code 08 or 98 LEAVER-REASON-CODE are counted as dropouts for state and federal accountability purposes.

*School leavers with a code 20, 88 or 89 LEAVER-REASON-CODE are counted as dropouts for federal accountability purposes.

These designations are provided for informational purposes only. They are not the final or comprehensive description of the definitions used for dropout and completion processing. For more information, please see the latest [Secondary School Completion and Dropouts in Texas Public Schools](#).

Table 6.4.1.1 Graduation Rate (with exclusions¹)

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
Four-Year Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Number of students in the 2023 cohort (students who first attended 9 th grade in 2019–20 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2020–21, 2021–22, or 2022–23) who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110 and 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in the Class of 2023 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i>	All students	Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)
Five-Year Extended Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Number of students in the 2022 cohort (students who first attended 9 th grade in 2018–19 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2019–20, 2020–21, or 2021–22) who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110 and 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in the Class of 2022 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i>	All students	Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)
Six-Year Extended Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Number of students in the 2021 cohort (students who first attended 9 th grade in 2017–18 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2018–19, 2019–20, or 2020–21) who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, and 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in the Class of 2020 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i>	All students	Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)

¹ State statute specifies certain exclusions that TEA must make when calculating dropout and graduation rates for state accountability. See Other Information under “6.4.3. Annual Dropout Rate” for a detailed list of exclusions.

Table 6.4.1.2 Graduation/Completion Rate (with exclusions¹) for AEA Campuses

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>Four-Year Longitudinal Graduation Rate</p>	<p>Number of students in the 2023 cohort (students who first attended 9th grade in 2019–20 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2020–21, 2021–22, or 2022–23) who: received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 + continuing students + TxCHSE recipients + previous dropouts who complete in the class <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, and TxCHSE)</i></p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of students in the Class of 2023, defined as: (Graduates + Continuers + TxCHSE recipients + Dropouts [- Previous dropouts who returned]) <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)</p>
<p>Five-Year Extended Longitudinal Graduation Rate</p>	<p>Number of students in the 2022 cohort (students who first attended 9th grade in 2018–19 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2019–20, 2020–21, or 2021–22) who: received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 + continuing students + TxCHSE recipients + previous dropouts who complete in the class <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, and TxCHSE)</i></p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of students in the Class of 2022, defined as: (Graduates + Continuers + TxCHSE recipients + Dropouts [- Previous dropouts who returned]) <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)</p>
<p>Six-Year Extended Longitudinal Graduation Rate</p>	<p>Number of students in the 2021 cohort (students who first attended 9th grade in 2017–18 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2018–19, 2019–20, or 2020–21) who: received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 + continuing students + TxCHSE recipients + previous dropouts who complete in the class <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 40203, and TxCHSE)</i></p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of students in the Class of 2021, defined as: (Graduates + Continuers + TxCHSE recipients + Dropouts [- Previous dropouts who returned]) <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)</p>

¹ State statute specifies certain exclusions that TEA must make when calculating dropout and graduation rates for state accountability. See Other Information under “6.4.3. Annual Dropout Rate” for a detailed list of exclusions.

Table 6.4.2. Federal Graduation Rate (without exclusions¹)

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>Four-Year Federal Graduation Rate (without exclusions¹)</p>	<p>Number of students in 2023 cohort (students who first attended 9th grade in 2019–20 or who entered the Texas public school system on grade in 2020–21, 2021–22, or 2022–23) who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 (from TSDS PEIMS 40110 and 40203) ---divided by--- Number of students in the Class of 2023 (from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps[†]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more race^{††} ▪ Economically Disadvantaged^{††} • (and non-) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ EB/EL (Ever EB students/ELs)^{2††} ▪ Current special education^{††} ▪ Former special education^{††} ▪ Continuously enrolled^{††} (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps [†]While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>^{††} See “Chapter 10— Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p> <p>Exit Criteria for Comprehensive Support and Improvement</p>

¹State statute specifies certain exclusions that TEA must make when calculating dropout and graduation rates for state accountability. See Other Information under “6.4.3. Annual Dropout Rate” for a detailed list of exclusions.

²Ever EB students/ELs (EB students/EL [Ever HS]) are evaluated in the federal graduation rates. Ever EB students/ELs (EB students/EL [Ever HS]) are students reported in TSDS PEIMS as EB students/ELs at any time while attending grades 9–12 in a Texas public school.

Table 6.4.2. Federal Graduation Rate (without exclusions¹) (continued)

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
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<p>Six-Year Federal Graduation Rate (without exclusions¹)</p>	<p>Number of students in 2021 cohort (students who first attended 9th grade in 2017–18 or who transferred into Texas public schools on grade in 2018–19, 2019–20, or 2020–21) who received a high school diploma by August 31, 2023 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110 and 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in the Class of 2021 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100, 40110, 40203, 42400, 42405, 42500, 42505 and TxCHSE)</i></p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps[†]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races^{††} ▪ Economically Disadvantaged^{††} • (and non-) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ EB/EL (Ever EB students/ELs)^{2††} ▪ Current special education^{††} ▪ Former special education^{††} ▪ Continuously enrolled^{††} (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps [†]While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>^{††} See “Chapter 10— Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p> <p>Comprehensive Support and Improvement Identification Exit Criteria for Comprehensive Support and Improvement</p>
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¹State statute specifies certain exclusions that TEA must make when calculating dropout and graduation rates for state accountability. See Other Information under “6.4.3. Annual Dropout Rate” for a detailed list of exclusions.

²Ever EB students/ELs (EB students/EL [Ever HS]) are evaluated in the federal graduation rates. Ever EB students/ELs (EB students/EL [Ever HS]) are students reported in TSDS PEIMS as EB students/ELs at any time while attending grades 9–12 in a Texas public school.

6.4.3. Annual Dropout Rate

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Accountability: Annual Dropout Rate is used in Student Achievement domain calculations for non-AEA and AEA high schools and K–12s in cases where the campus has grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 but does not have a longitudinal graduation rate.

Other Information:

- *School-Start Window.* This is the period between the first day of school and the last Friday in September. The end of the school-start window is the day that students served in the prior year must return to school to not be considered leavers.
- *Cumulative Denominator.* A cumulative count of students is used in the denominator with all annual dropout rate calculations. This method for calculating the dropout rate neutralizes the effects of mobility by including in the denominator every student ever reported in attendance at the campus or district throughout the school year, regardless of length of stay.
- *Campus of Accountability.* Leavers are assigned to the campuses they were attending when they left the Texas public school system. A student served at a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) and/or a Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program (JJAEP) is assigned to a "campus of accountability" based on the campus he or she last attended when one can be identified. Campus of accountability may be reported by the district or may be determined by the agency based on TSDS PEIMS attendance records reported for the prior year. A detailed table showing assignment in specific situations may be found in the [TWEDS - Complex Type Details \(state.tx.us\)](https://www.texas.gov/info/tweds-complex-type-details.html).
- *Summer Dropouts.* Summer dropouts are attributed to the school year just completed, based on the last campus the student attended the previous school year.
- *Dropout Recovery Schools.* The annual dropout rate will be used on a safeguard basis only for campuses designated as dropout recovery schools (DRS). For more information, please see "Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain."
- *Exclusions to the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Dropout Definition.* The definition of dropout that is used for state accountability differs slightly from the NCES definition of dropout that is required for federal accountability. For state accountability in 2024, the 2022–23 dropouts reported during the fall 2023 TSDS PEIMS data submission are processed using the NCES dropout definition with adjustments to exclude the following from being counted as dropouts:
 - Under Texas Education Code (TEC) §39.053(g-1), a student who meets one or more of the following criteria is excluded from campus and district graduation and dropout rate calculations used for state accountability purposes:
 - A student who is ordered by a court to attend a high school equivalency certificate program but has not earned a high school equivalency certificate
 - A student previously reported to the state as a dropout (previous dropout exclusions do not apply to completion measure calculations for AEA campuses)
 - A student in attendance but who is not in membership for purposes of average daily attendance (i.e., students for whom districts are not receiving state Foundation School Program [FSP] funds)
 - A student whose initial enrollment in a school in the United States in grades 7 through 12 was as an unschooled refugee or asylee as

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defined by TEC §39.027(a-1)

- (Also under TEC §39.053[g-3]) a student who is in a district exclusively as a function of having been detained at a county detention facility but is otherwise not a student of the district, or a student who is being provided services by an open-enrollment charter school exclusively as the result of having been detained at the facility
- A student who is incarcerated in a state jail or federal penitentiary as an adult or as a person certified to stand trial as an adult
- A student who has suffered a condition, injury, or illness that requires substantial medical care and leaves the student unable to attend school and assigned to a medical or residential treatment facility
- Under TEC §39.053 (g-2), a student who: (a) is at least 18 years of age as of September 1 and has satisfied the credit requirements for high school graduation; (b) has not completed his or her individualized education program (IEP); and (c) is enrolled and receiving IEP services will be excluded from campus and district longitudinal rate calculations for state accountability purposes.
- Under TEC §39.053 (g-4), a student who (a) is at least 18 years of age and under 26 years of age; (b) has not been previously reported as a dropout; and (c) has not been enrolled in school during the previous nine months before enrolling in a high school equivalency program, a dropout recovery school, or an adult education program provided under a high school diploma and industry certification charter school program is excluded from campus and district annual dropout and longitudinal rate calculations (previous dropout/previous dropout exclusions do not apply to completion measure calculations for AEA campuses).
- Under TEC §39.055, a student in a Texas Juvenile Justice Department facility (e.g., county- or state-operated juvenile justice facility) or residential treatment facility served by a Texas public school district is excluded from campus and district rate calculations for state and federal accountability purposes.

Table 6.4.3 Annual Dropout Rate

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
Annual Dropout Rate	Number of grade 9–12 dropouts in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of grade 9–12 students who were in attendance at any time during the 2022–23 school year <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110, 42400, 42500)</i>	All students	Student Achievement (high schools, K–12s)

Please see *Annual Dropout Rate—Conversion and Alternative Education Accountability Modifications* in “Chapter 2 – Student Achievement Domain” for more information.

6.5.A Academic Growth

Years of Data: 2022–23 and 2023–24

Source of Data: CAF

Student Group Information: Depending on the domain, performance results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, high focus (economically disadvantaged, current and monitored EB students/ELs, students currently served by special education, or highly mobile), highly mobile (foster, homeless, or migrant).

Use in 2024 Accountability: Academic Growth is used in determining the School Progress, Part A: Academic Growth and Closing the Gaps domain ratings.

Other Information:

- The School Progress, Part A: Academic Growth domain provides an opportunity for campuses to receive credit for STAAR results in RLA and mathematics that show annual growth and if applicable demonstrate accelerated learning
- For STAAR English I and English II EOCs, growth is measured if the student has taken the assessments for the first time within the same accountability cycle

Table 6.5.A Academic Growth

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
Academic Growth	<p>Points earned for STAAR assessments in reading/language arts (RLA) and mathematics that either grow (or remain at or above the High Did Not Meet/Level I performance level) or Did Not Meet Grade Level in the prior year and are accelerated to Approaches Grade Level/Level II or above in the current year</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>(from CAF)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">---divided by---</p> <p>Number of STAAR assessments in reading/language arts (RLA) and mathematics eligible for Annual Growth data or Accelerated Learning data</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>(from CAF)</i></p>	All students	School Progress, Part A

Table 6.5.A Academic Growth (continued)

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>Academic Growth</p>	<p>Points earned for STAAR assessments in reading/language arts (RLA) and mathematics that either grow (or remain at or above the High Did Not Meet/Level I performance level) or Did Not Meet Grade Level in the prior year and are accelerated to Approaches Grade Level/Level II or above in the current year <i>(from CAF)</i></p> <p>---divided by--- Number of STAAR assessments in reading/language arts (RLA) and mathematics eligible for Annual Growth data or Accelerated Learning data <i>(from CAF)</i></p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps[†]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races^{††} ▪ Economically Disadvantaged^{††} • (and non-) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL^{††} ▪ Current special education^{††} ▪ Former special education^{††} ▪ Continuously enrolled^{††} (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps [†]While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>^{††} See “Chapter 10—Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>

6.5.B.1 Relative Performance

School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance measures the achievement of all students relative to campuses with similar economically disadvantaged percentages. See STAAR Component (6.1), CCMR Component (6.2.1), and Economically Disadvantaged (6.6) for more information.

6.5.B.2 EOC Retest Growth (AEA campuses only)

School Progress, Part B: Retest Growth measures the percentage of students who earned Approaches Grade Level or above on an EOC retest during the accountability cycle. To calculate, the numerator consists of STAAR EOC retest assessments at the Approaches Grade Level or above and the denominator includes all EOC retest assessments. The all students group is evaluated if there are 10 or more EOC retest assessment across all subject areas. Small numbers analysis is not used in Retest Growth. See Chapter 3 of the 2024 Accountability Manual for more information.

6.6. Economically Disadvantaged Percentage

Years of Data: 2023–24

Use in 2024 Accountability: The percentage of students identified as economically disadvantaged is used in School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance domain calculations. School Progress, Part B: Relative Performance measures the achievement of all students relative to campuses with similar economically disadvantaged percentages.

Other Information:

This percentage is based on the count and percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch or eligible for other public assistance as reported on the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot. A student is reported as economically disadvantaged on the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot using codes 01, 02, or 99:

01: Eligible for Free Meals Under The National School Lunch And Child Nutrition Program

02: Eligible for Reduced-price Meals Under The National School Lunch And Child Nutrition Program

99: Other Economic Disadvantage, Including: a) from a family with an annual income at or below the official federal poverty line, b) eligible for Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance, c) received a Pell Grant or comparable state program of need-based financial assistance, d) eligible for programs assisted under Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA), or e) eligible for benefits under the Food Stamp Act of 1977

. *For Student Groups sourced from TIDE: In 2024 accountability, if TIDE demographic data contains empty (null) values on March 11, 2024 , existing PEIMS data will replace the null values for students already registered in TIDE. This does not apply to Current and Former Special Education.

6.7. Academic Achievement

Years of Data: 2023-24

Source of Data: CAF/College Board, ACT Inc.

Student Group Information: Results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, high focus (economically disadvantaged, current and monitored EB students/ELs, students currently served by special education, or highly mobile), highly mobile (foster, homeless, or migrant).

Use in 2024 Accountability: Academic Achievement is evaluated in the Closing the Gaps domain for campuses.

Table 6.7. Academic Achievement

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated/Reported	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>Academic Achievement</p>	<p>Number of RLA or mathematics assessments at or above the Meets Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF/College Board & ACT, Inc.)</i></p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of Reading/Language Arts (RLA) or mathematics assessments <i>(from CAF/College Board & ACT, Inc.)</i></p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps[†]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races^{††} ▪ Economically Disadvantaged^{††} • (and non-) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL^{††} ▪ Current special education^{††} ▪ Former special education^{††} ▪ Continuously enrolled^{††} (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps [†]<i>While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</i></p> <p>^{††} See “Chapter 10—Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>

6.8. Progress in Achieving English Language Proficiency Component

Years of Data: 2022–23 and 2023–24

Source of Data: TELPAS Assessment File

Student Group Information: Results are reported for 2023–24 current EB students/ELs.

Use in 2024 Accountability: The Progress in Achieving English Language Proficiency component evaluates the TELPAS and TELPAS Alternate results for grades K–12 and is used in calculating the Closing the Gaps domain.

Other Information:

In 2024 accountability, the Progress in Achieving English Language Proficiency component evaluates TELPAS and TELPAS Alternate results compared to the prior year results to determine if the student made progress. For 2024, TELPAS results are evaluated at the domain level. For 2025 and beyond, progress will be evaluated at the composite level.

- A student is considered to have made progress if
 - the student advances or
 - is scored as Advanced High or Basic Fluency in at least two of the four domains from the prior year (2023) to the current year (2024). The four evaluated domains for Progress in Achieving English Language Proficiency are listening, speaking, reading, and writing.
 - Students evaluated in all four domains in both 2023 and 2024, or scored as Advanced High or Basic Fluency in at least two of the four domains in the current year (2024), are evaluated.
 - Ratings are not compared across TELPAS and TELPAS Alternate
- TELPAS assesses the English language proficiency of K–12 EB students/ELs in four language domains: listening, speaking, reading, and writing. English language proficiency assessments in grades K–12 are federally required to evaluate the progress that EB students/ELs make in becoming proficient in the use of academic English.

Table 6.8. English Language Proficiency Component

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>English Language Proficiency</p>	<p>Number of students with a TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessment that advance by at least one score in at least two of the four domains from the 2022-23 to 2023-24 or are Advanced High or Basic Fluency in at least two of the four domains in 2024 ---divided by--- Number of students with 2023–24 TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessments with Advanced High or Basic Fluency in at least two of the four domains or have scores in all four domains in both 2023 and 2024 (from TELPAS and TELPAS Alternate Assessment File)</p>	<p>EB/EL (current only)</p>	<p>Closing the Gaps</p>

6.9. Participation Status

Years of Data: 2023–24

Student Group Information: Results are reported for the following groups: all students, African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, two or more races, high focus (economically disadvantaged, current and monitored EB students/ELs, students currently served by special education, or highly mobile), highly mobile (foster, homeless, or migrant).

Use in 2024 Accountability: Participation status is used in calculating the Closing the Gaps component results for campuses.

Other Information:

The target for Participation Status is 95 percent of students taking a state-administered assessment. Participation measures are based on STAAR, STAAR Alternate 2, ACT, SAT, TELPAS and TELPAS Alternate assessment results.

See “Chapter 4—Closing the Gaps” for additional information.

- STAAR Alternate 2 students with No Authentic Academic Response (NAAR) designation are included as participants.
- Students with the medical exception or medically exempt designations are not included in the participation rate calculation. This includes both STAAR and STAAR Alternate 2 students.

Table 6.9. Participation Status

Component	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Accountability
<p>Participation Status <i>Note: Participation status is calculated separately for a) RLA and b) Mathematics.</i></p>	<p>1) Number of answer documents with a score code of “S”, 2) number of STAAR Alternate 2 testers with a score code of “N”, 3a) number of “A” or “O” STAAR reading answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessment reading domain or 3b) number of “A” or “O” STAAR mathematics answer documents with a scored TELPAS or TELPAS Alternate assessment reading domain for year 1 in US schools and is an asylee/refugee or SIFE, 4a) number of accelerated testers’ ERW SAT or ELA ACT assessments or 4b) number of accelerated testers’ mathematics SAT or ACT assessments* ---divided by--- Number of “scored” (S), “absent” (A), “no authentic academic response” (N), “other” (O) assessments, and accelerated testers</p> <p><i>(from CAF/College Board & ACT, Inc, Accelerated Testers Listing)</i></p>	<p>Evaluated for Closing the Gaps†</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All students ▪ Two lowest performing racial/ethnic groups from the prior year (2022-23, using 2024 methodology) ▪ High focus <p>Reported</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All seven racial/ethnic groups: African American, American Indian, Asian, Hispanic, Pacific Islander, white, and two or more races†† ▪ Economically Disadvantaged†† • (and non-) ▪ Current EB/EL ▪ Current and monitored EB/EL†† ▪ Current special education†† ▪ Former special education†† ▪ Continuously enrolled†† (and non-) ▪ Highly mobile ▪ Foster care ▪ Homeless ▪ Migrant 	<p>Closing the Gaps †While each of the student groups listed are evaluated within Closing the Gaps under ESSA requirements, the outcomes from four groups (all students, two lowest performing, and high focus) contribute to the domain rating.</p> <p>†† See “Chapter 10—Identification of Schools for Improvement” for the inclusion of these student groups in TSI and ATS identification.</p>

Table 6.9.1 Small Numbers Analysis

Small numbers analysis is only applied to the all students group when there are fewer than 10 assessments or graduates/non-graduating 12th graders.

Domain	Component	Years Used
Student Achievement	STAAR Performance	N/A
	Graduation Rate: 4-Year 5-Year 6-Year	Classes of: 2023, 2022 and 2021 2022, 2021 and 2020 2021, 2020 and 2019
	College, Career, and Military Readiness (CCMR)	2023, 2022 and 2021 Annual Graduates
School Progress	Academic Growth	N/A
	Relative Performance	N/A
Closing the Gaps	Academic Achievement	N/A
	Academic Growth Status	N/A
	Graduation Rate: 4-year Federal Graduation Rate	Classes of: 2023, 2022, and 2021
	English Language Proficiency	N/A
	Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only	N/A
	CCMR Performance	2023, 2022, and 2021 Annual Graduates/ Non-Graduating 12th Graders

7. Data used in Distinction Designations

Districts and campuses that receive an acceptable rating are eligible to earn distinction designations. For campuses, distinction designations are awarded for achievement in several areas and are based on performance relative to a group of campuses of similar type, size, grade span, and student demographics.

Districts are eligible for a distinction designation in postsecondary readiness.

Data from the TSDS PEIMS October snapshot is used to establish the comparison group for each campus. See “Chapter 6—Distinction Designations” for detailed information on the methodology used to determine campus comparison groups and evaluate each distinction designation.

7.1. STAAR Data Used in Distinction Designations

Year of Data: 2023–24

Source of Data: CAF

Student Group Information: All students only

Other Information:

- *TAKS, TAAS, TEAMS, TABS Exclusions.* STAAR results for students retaking EOC exams to meet graduation requirements who originally tested under TAKS, TAAS, TEAMS, and/or TABS are excluded from accountability calculations, including distinction designations.

Table 7.1. STAAR Indicators

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Accelerated Student Learning in Reading/Language Arts (RLA)	Percentage of tests taken in 2023–24 that earned an Accelerated Learning point in reading/language arts (RLA) <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Accelerated Student Learning in Mathematics	Percentage of tests taken in 2023–24 that earned an Accelerated Learning point in mathematics <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Grade 3 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 3 reading tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 3 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 3 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Grade 4 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 4 reading tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 4 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 4 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Grade 5 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 5 reading tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 5 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 5 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics

Table 7.1. STAAR Indicators (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Grade 5 Science Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 5 science tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Science

Grade 6 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 6 reading tests taken in 2023-24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 6 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 6 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Grade 7 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 7 reading tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 7 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 7 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Grade 8 Reading Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 8 reading tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Grade 8 Mathematics Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 8 mathematics tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Algebra I by Grade 8 Participation	Percentage of grade 8 students enrolled in fall 2023 who took an EOC Algebra I test in the current school year or a prior school year <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110 and CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Algebra I by Grade 8 Performance (Meets Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 8 students enrolled in fall 2023 who took an EOC Algebra I test in the current school year or a prior school year and earned Meets Grade Level or above <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics

Table 7.1. STAAR Indicators (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Grade 8 Science Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 8 science tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Science
Grade 8 Social Studies Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of grade 8 social studies tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Social Studies
EOC English I Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of EOC English I tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
EOC Algebra I Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of EOC Algebra I tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
EOC Biology Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of EOC Biology tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Science
EOC English II Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of EOC English II tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
EOC U.S. History Performance (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of EOC U.S. History tests taken in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Social Studies
SAT/ACT Results for Accelerated Testers (Masters Grade Level)	Percentage of SAT/ACT tests taken by accelerated testers in 2023–24 that met the Masters Grade Level standard equivalent score <i>(from CAF/College Board, ACT Inc.)</i>	All Students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA), Mathematics, and Science

Table 7.1. STAAR Indicators (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Percentage of STAAR Results at Meets Grade Level or Above Standard (All Subjects)	Percentage of STAAR Results at Meets Grade Level or Above Standard (All Subjects) <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Postsecondary Readiness
Percentage of Grade 3–8 Results at Meets Grade Level or Above in Both Reading and Mathematics	Percentage of Grade 3–8 Results at Meets Grade Level or Above in Both Reading and Mathematics <i>(from CAF)</i>	All students	AADD: Postsecondary Readiness

7.2. Graduation Plan Rate

For 2024 distinction designations, this indicator uses the rate comprised of students who graduate with Recommended High School Plan (RHSP), Distinguished Achievement Plan (DAP), Foundation High School Plan with an Endorsement (FHSP-E), Foundation High School Plan with a Distinguished Level of Achievement (FHSP-DLA), or Texas First Early High School Completion Program with a Distinguished Level of Achievement (Texas-First-DLA). Beginning with the Class of 2018, all students are required to select the FHSP. Until then, students may have earned an FHSP, Minimum High School Plan (MHSP), RHSP, or DAP diploma. During this transition period, this approach addresses the varying degrees to which FHSP graduation plans have been implemented across districts. (This continues to be relevant in 2024.)

Year of Data: Class of 2023

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Distinction Designations: The four-year longitudinal RHSP/DAP/FHSP-E/FHSP-DLA/Texas-First-DLA rate for all students is used to determine the distinction designation for postsecondary readiness.

Other Information:

- *Graduation Types.* RHSP graduates are students with type codes of 19, 22, 25, 28, or 31; DAP graduates are students with type codes of 20, 23, 26, 29, 32; FHSP graduates are students with type codes 34, 35, 54, 55, 56, or 57; Texas-First graduates are students with type code 40. See the [Texas Education Data Standards](#) for more information.

Table 7.2. Graduation Plan Rate

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Four-Year Longitudinal RHSP or DAP or FHSP-E, FHSP-DLA or Texas-First-DLA Rate	Number of graduates in the Class of 2023 who complete a 4-year RHSP or DAP or FHSP-E or FHSP-DLA or Texas-First-DLA <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduates in the Class of 2023 with reported graduation plans <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i>	All students	AADD: Postsecondary Readiness

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7.3. Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria Graduates

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Other Information:

- *TSIA.* This measure includes the performance for the Class of 2023. The results include TSIA1 and TSIA2 assessments through October 2023.
- *SAT and ACT.* This measure includes the performance for the Class of 2023. If a student takes an ACT or SAT test more than once, the best score, by subject, is used.
- *College Prep Course.* This measure includes performance for the Class of 2023. Graduates must have completed and received credit for a college prep course, as defined in TEC §28.014, in ELA and/or mathematics.
- *Matching ID.* Students are included only once. The numerator consists of students matched across the multiple assessments using their unique IDs.

Table 7.3. Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria Graduates

Indicator	Methodology						Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions	
TSI Criteria Graduate	Number of graduates meeting the college-ready criteria on the TSIA1 and/or TSIA2, SAT, ACT, or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA <u>and</u> mathematics. <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 2022–23 annual graduates <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i>						All students	AADD: Postsecondary Readiness	
	TSI Criteria								
	<u>TSIA1 and/or TSIA2</u>		<u>SAT</u>		<u>ACT</u>				<u>College Prep Course</u>
	>= ELAR criteria shown below	or	>=480 on the Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW)	or	Before Feb 15, 2023 >=19 on English and >= 23 Composite After Feb 15, 2023 English + Reading Combined score >=40	or			Complete and earn credit for ELA college prep course
>= Mathematics criteria shown below	or	>=530 on Mathematics	or	Before Feb 15, 2023 >=19 on Mathematics and >=23 Composite After Feb 15, 2023 Mathematics score >=22	or	Complete and earn credit for mathematics college prep course			

Table 7.3. Texas Success Initiative (TSI) Criteria Graduates (continued)

Subject	Assessment Version	Score Requirements for CCMR					
Reading / Language Arts (RLA)	TSIA1	Score \geq 351 on Reading					
	TSIA2	Score \geq 945 on the ELAR College Readiness Classification (CRC)		AND		Score \geq 5 on the essay	
		OR					
		Score $<$ 945 on the ELAR CRC		AND	Score \geq 5 on the diagnostic	AND	Score \geq 5 on the essay
	Combination	Score \geq 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2		AND		Score \geq 5 on the TSIA1 essay	
		OR					
			Score $<$ 945 on the ELAR CRC on the TSIA2		AND	Score \geq 5 on the diagnostic on the TSIA2	AND
Mathematics	TSIA1	Score \geq 350 on Mathematics					
	TSIA2	Score \geq 950 on the Mathematics CRC					
		OR					
	Score $<$ 950 on the Mathematics CRC		AND	Score = 6 on the diagnostic			

7.4. College, Career, and Military Ready Graduates

Sources and Years of Data:

TSDS PEIMS data used for accountability indicators	Data Reported for
4-year Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Class of 2023
5-year Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Class of 2022
6-year Longitudinal Graduation Rate	Class of 2021
Annual Dropout Rate	2022–23 school year
Graduate with Completed IEP and Workforce Readiness	
Graduate Under an Advanced Diploma Plan and be Identified as a Current Special Education Student	
Earn an Industry-Based Certification	Earned during 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Complete College Prep Course	
Dual Credit Course Completion	
Earn an Associate Degree	

7.4. College, Career, and Military Ready Graduates (continued)

Sources and Years of Data:

Other data used for College, Career, and Military Readiness	Data reported for
ACT college admissions test	Tests as of July 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
AP examination	Tests as of June 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
*IB examination	Tests as of May 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
TSIA1 and/or TSIA2 assessment	Tests from June 2013 to October 2023 administration
SAT college admissions test	Tests as of June 2023 administration (2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years)
OnRamps dual enrollment course completion	Courses completed during the 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Level I and level II certificates	Certificates earned during the 2022–23, 2021–22, 2020–21, and 2019–20 school years
Military Enlistment	Department of Defense (DoD) Form 4 Submissions from LEAs for military enlistment as of December 31, 2023.

Student Group Information: All students only

Other Information: The CCMR component of the Student Achievement domain is used to evaluate districts and campuses for the Postsecondary Readiness distinction designation. See “Chapter 2—Student Achievement Domain” for additional information.

*For the 2022-23 school year, IB awarded grades returned to using all components, coursework, and examinations as they did pre-pandemic.

Table 7.4. College, Career, and Military Ready Graduates

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
<p>College, Career, and Military Ready Graduates</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Number of 2022–23 annual graduates who</p> <p>1) meet the college-ready criteria on the TSI assessment, SAT, ACT, and/or by successfully completing and earning credit for a college prep course as defined in TEC §28.014, in both ELA and mathematics. <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415, THECB, College Board, and ACT)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>2) meet the criteria of 3 or higher on AP or 4 or higher on IB examinations in any subject <i>(from College Board or IB)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>3) complete and earn credit for three hours of dual-course credits in ELA or mathematics or nine hours in any subject <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>4) enlist in the U.S. Armed Forces <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>5) earn an approved industry-based certification <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 48011)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>6) earn an associate degree while in high school <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40100)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>7) graduate with completed IEP and workforce readiness <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>8) complete an OnRamps dual enrollment course and qualify for at least three hours of university or college credit in any subject area <i>(from OnRamps program)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>9) graduate under an advanced degree plan and be identified as a current special education student <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203 and 40110)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">or</p> <p>10) earn a Level I or Level II certificate <i>(from THECB)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">---divided by---</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Number of 2022–23 annual graduates <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>AADD: Postsecondary Readiness</p>

7.5. AP/IB Participation and Performance

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Distinction Designations: AP/IB performance and participation in the following examinations are used in determining the following distinction designations:

Distinction Designation	AP Examination	IB Examination
Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts (RLA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • English Language and Composition • English Literature and Composition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • English A: Literature • English A: Language and Literature
Academic Achievement in Mathematics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calculus AB • Calculus BC • Computer Science A • Computer Science Principles • Statistics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mathematics: Applications and Interpretation • Mathematics: Analysis and Approaches
Academic Achievement in Science	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biology • Chemistry • Physics 1 • Physics 2 • Physics C: Mechanics • Physics C: Electricity and Magnetism • Environment Science 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Biology • Chemistry • Computer Science • Physics • Environmental Systems and Societies • Design Technology • Astronomy

7.5. AP/IB Participation and Performance (continued)

Distinction Designation	AP Examination	IB Examination
<p>Academic Achievement in Social Studies</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • United States History • European History • World History • United States Government and Politics • Comparative Government and Politics • Human Geography • Microeconomics • Macroeconomics • Psychology 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History • History Americas • History Europe • World Religions • Geography • Economics • Philosophy • Psychology • Business and Management • Information Technology in a Global Society • Social and Cultural Anthropology
<p>Postsecondary Readiness</p>	<p>Performance on all AP and IB subject assessments is included.</p>	

Other Information: Criterion score is 3 or higher for AP and 4 or higher for IB.

Table 7.5. AP/IB Participation and Performance

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
AP/IB Examination Participation: ELA	Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in ELA in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
AP/IB Examination Participation: Mathematics	Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in mathematics in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
AP/IB Examination Participation: Science	Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in science in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110)</i>	All students	AADD: Science
AP/IB Examination Participation: Social Studies	Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in social studies in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110)</i>	All students	AADD: Social Studies

Table 7.5. AP/IB Participation and Performance (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
AP/IB Examination Participation: Any Subject	Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in any subject in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Total students enrolled in 11th and 12th grades in 2022–23 <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40110)</i>	All students	Postsecondary Readiness
AP/IB Examination Results (Examinees >= Criterion): ELA	Number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score in ELA in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in ELA in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
AP/IB Examination Results (Examinees >= Criterion): Mathematics	Number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score in mathematics in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in mathematics in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics

Table 7.5. AP/IB Participation and Performance (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
AP/IB Examination Results (Examinees >= Criterion): Science	Number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score in science in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in science in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i>	All students	AADD: Science

<p>AP/IB Examination Results (Examinees >= Criterion): Social Studies</p>	<p>Number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score in social studies in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in social studies in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>AADD: Social Studies</p>
<p>AP/IB Examination Results (Examinees >= Criterion): Any Subject</p>	<p>Number of 11th and 12th graders with at least one AP or IB score at or above the criterion score in any subject in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i> ---divided by--- Number of 11th and 12th graders taking at least one AP or IB exam in any subject in 2022–23 <i>(from College Board or IB)</i></p>	<p>All students</p>	<p>AADD: Postsecondary Readiness</p>

7.6. SAT/ACT Results

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Distinction Designations: SAT and ACT results are used in determining distinction designations for academic achievement in Reading/Language Arts, mathematics, science, and postsecondary readiness.

Other Information: See Table 7.3 for details regarding TSI criterion score.

Table 7.6. SAT/ACT Participation and Performance

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
SAT/ACT Participation	Number of graduating examinees taking either the SAT or ACT <i>(from College Board and ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of total graduates reported for the 2022–23 school year <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 40203)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA) Mathematics Postsecondary Readiness
SAT/ACT Performance	Number of graduating examinees at or above the TSI criterion score on the SAT or ACT <i>(from College Board and ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking either the SAT or ACT <i>(from College Board and ACT)</i>	All students	AADD: Postsecondary Readiness
Average SAT Score: Reading and Writing	Sum of scores in evidence-based reading and writing of all graduates who took the SAT <i>(from College Board)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking the SAT <i>(from College Board)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)

Table 7.6. SAT/ACT Participation and Performance (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Average SAT Score: Mathematics	Sum of scores in mathematics of all graduates who took the SAT <i>(from College Board)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking the SAT <i>(from College Board)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Average ACT Score: ELA	Sum of average scores in English and reading of all graduates who took the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Average ACT Score: Mathematics	Sum of scores in mathematics of all graduates who took the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i>	All students	AADD: Mathematics
Average ACT Score: Science	Sum of scores in science of all graduates who took the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i> ---divided by--- Number of graduating examinees taking the ACT <i>(from ACT)</i>	All students	AADD: Science

7.7. Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Distinction Designations: This indicator is used in determining the distinction designations for academic achievement in Reading/Language Arts (RLA), mathematics, science, social studies, and postsecondary readiness.

Other Information:

- *Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion by Subject.* Advanced/dual-credit course completion percentages are calculated and available by subject for ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies.
- *Advanced Course List.* A list of courses designated as advanced is published each year in the *TAPR Comprehensive Glossary*. The most current list can be accessed online at <https://rptsvr1.tea.texas.gov/perfreport/tapr/2023/glossary.pdf>

Table 7.7. Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion Rate: ELA	<p>Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course in ELA (from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who completed at least one credit course in ELA (from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</p>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA)
Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion Rate: Mathematics	<p>Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course in mathematics (from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</p> <p>---divided by---</p> <p>Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who completed at least one credit course in mathematics (from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</p>	All students	AADD: Mathematics

Table 7.7. Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion (continued)

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion Rate: Science	Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course in science <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who completed at least one credit course in science <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i>	All students	AADD: Science
Advanced/Dual-Credit Course Completion Rate: Social Studies	Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who received credit for at least one advanced/dual-credit course in social studies <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i> ---divided by--- Number of students in grades 9–12 in 2022–23 who completed at least one credit course in social studies <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 43415)</i>	All students	AADD: Social Studies

7.8. Attendance Rate

Year of Data: 2022–23

Student Group Information: All students only

Use in 2024 Distinction Designations: Attendance rate is used in determining distinction designations for academic achievement in Reading/Language Arts (RLA), mathematics, science, and social studies.

Indicator	Methodology	Student Groups Evaluated	Use in 2024 Distinctions
Attendance Rate	Total number of days students in grade 1–12 are present during the 2022–23 school year <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 42400)</i> ---divided by--- Total number of days students in grade 1–12 are in membership during the 2022–23 school year <i>(from TSDS PEIMS 42400)</i>	All students	AADD: Reading/Language Arts (RLA) Mathematics Science Social Studies